



# Row Spacing Effects on Various Crops

Chris Holzapfel, MSc, PAg

Indian Head Agricultural Research Foundation

# Funding and Acknowledgments

- **Contributing Scientists: Dr. Guy Lafond & Bill May (AAFC)**
- **Financial support for this work was provided by:**
  - Saskatchewan Canola Development Commission
  - Saskatchewan Oat Development Commission
  - Saskatchewan Pulse Growers
  - ADOPT Program (SK Ministry of Agriculture and AAFC)
  - Agriculture & Agri-Food Canada (AIP Program & Indian Head Research Farm)
- **Additional in-kind support provided by:**
  - SeedMaster Manufacturing, Saskatchewan Flax Development Commission, Bayer CropScience, Dupont-Pioneer, BASF, Syngenta and Dow AgroSciences

# Row Spacing Challenges

- Commonly accepted that narrow row spacing gives the greatest potential grain yields for majority of crops under most circumstances
- No-till combined w/retaining residues (i.e. taller stubble) & continuous cropping is also beneficial but creates seeding challenges
- One solution has been to increase row spacing but there are limits as to the extent to which this can be done without compromising yield
- Most research shows that spacing of at least 12” is possible without reducing yield for most crops; however, results can vary depending on crop management & environmental conditions
- Challenging to avoid biases in row spacing research due to:
  - Soil disturbance
  - Fertilizer placement
  - Harvest area and managing edge effects

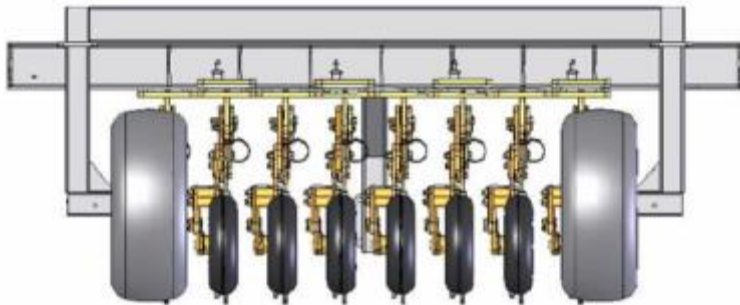
# Equipment



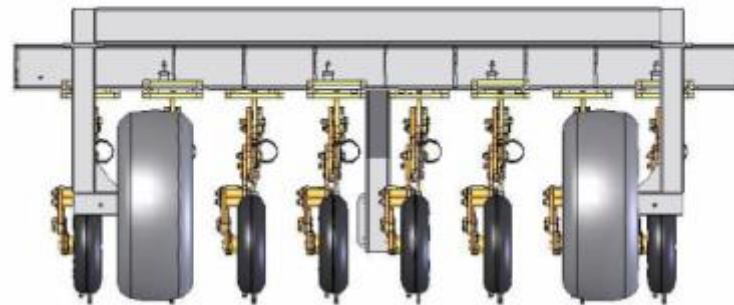
Image Source: [www.seedmaster.ca](http://www.seedmaster.ca)

# Equipment

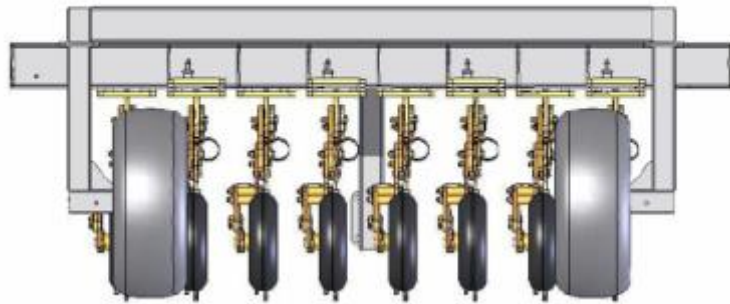
**10 inch spacing**



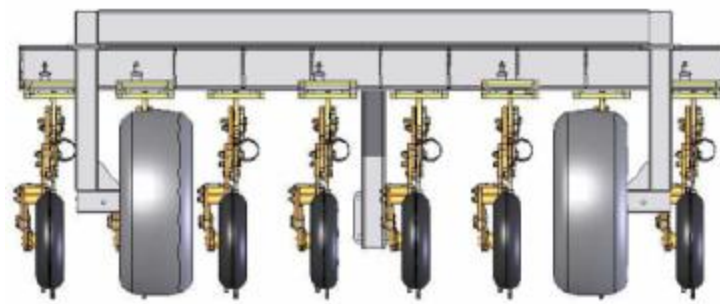
**14" cm Spacing**



**12" cm spacing**



**16" cm Spacing**

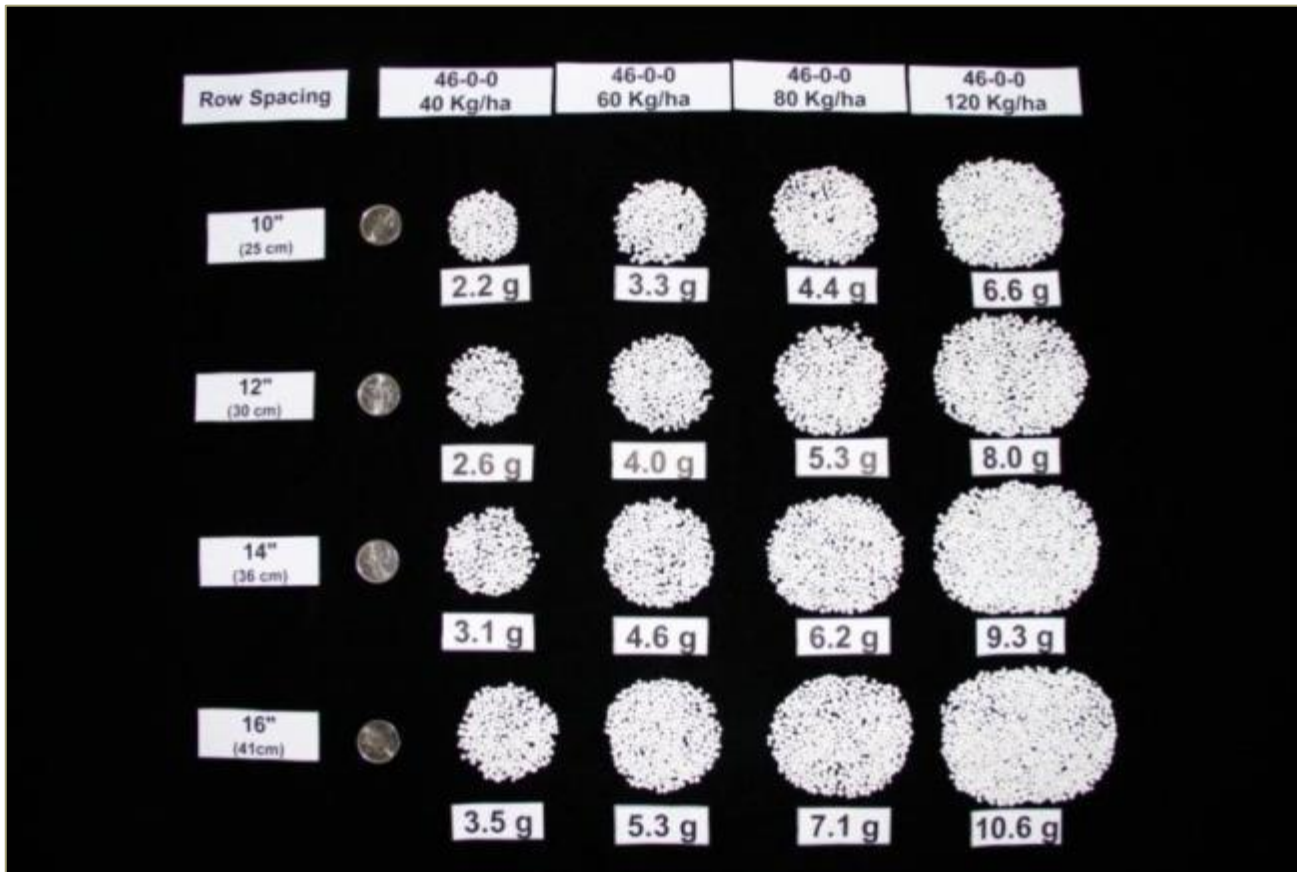


# Recent/Current Field Trials

- Since acquiring the described drill in 2009, IHARF & AAFC have been conducting row spacing research with a variety of crop types
  - Oat: 2009-2011 (SODC)
  - Canola: 2012-16 (SCDC)
  - Soybean: 2014-2017 (SPG/AAFC)
  - Flax: 2014-2016 (ADOPT/SFDC)
  - Spring Wheat: 2013-2016 (AAFC)
- Row spacing treatments range from 10-24" (25-61 cm) & were combined with other factors such as side-banded N rate, seeding rate, weed control & fungicide applications

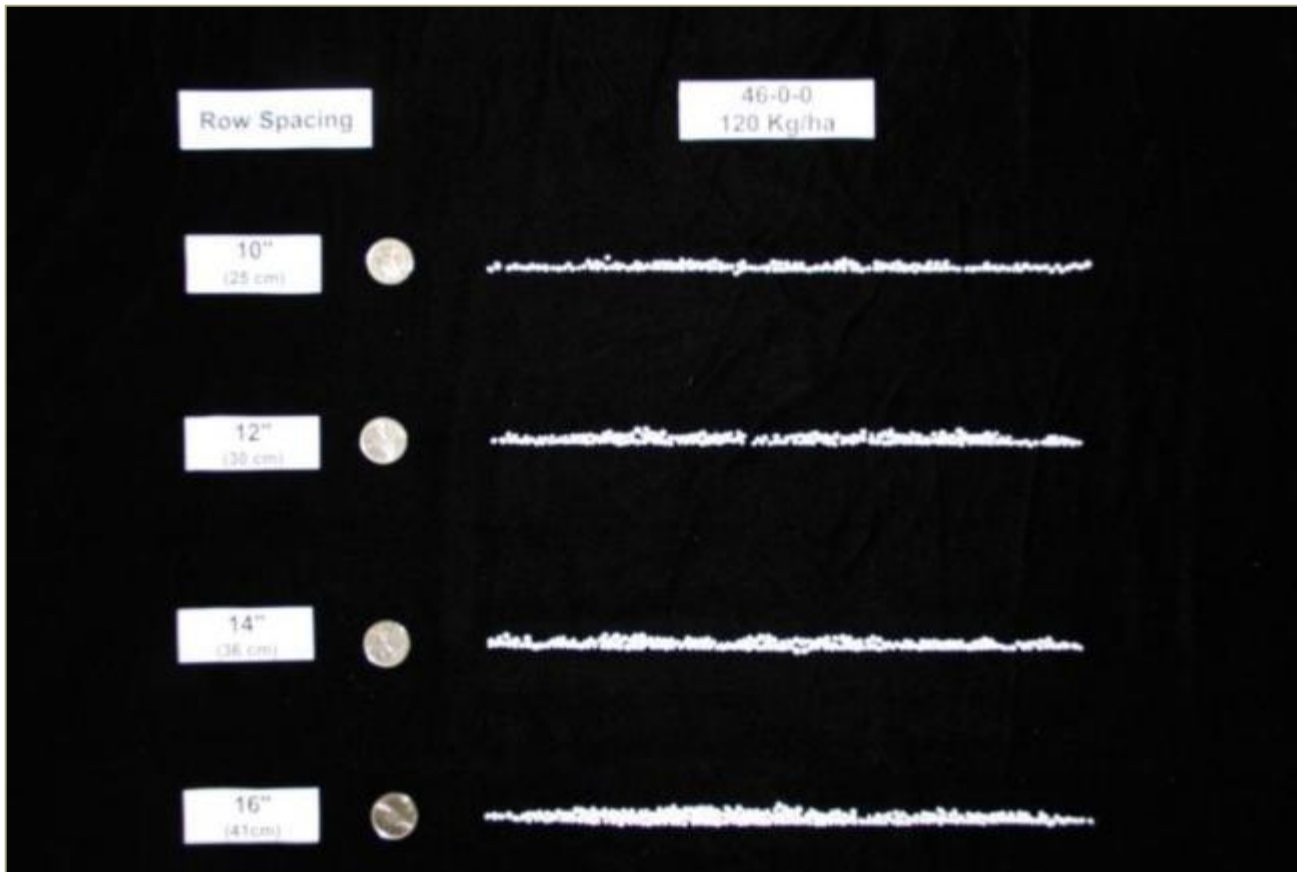


# Row Spacing Effect on Banded Fertilizer Concentrations



- per 1 meter length of crop row

# Row Spacing Effect on Banded Fertilizer Concentrations



- per 1 meter length of crop row



# Oat Response to Row Spacing

**Duration: 2009-11 (3 yr)**

**Treatments (20):**

- 10, 12, 14 & 16" row spacing
- 18, 36, 53, 71 & 107 lb N/ac

**Data Collected:**

- Plant density
- Tiller frequency
- Panicle density
- Above-ground biomass
- Grain yield
- Grain quality

\*Lafond et al. 2013. Agron. J. 105: 1-10.



# Oats: Effects on Plant Density

## Tests of Fixed Effects:

Row spacing (R): 0.001

R linear: <0.001

R quad: ns

N Rate (N)\*: ns

N linear: ns

N quad: ns

R × N: ns

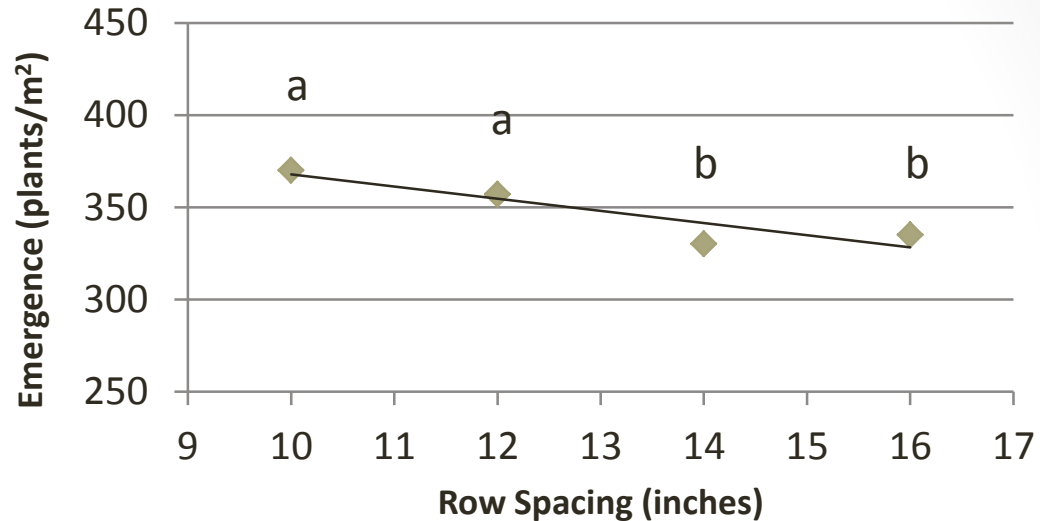
Year (Y): 0.003

Y × R: ns

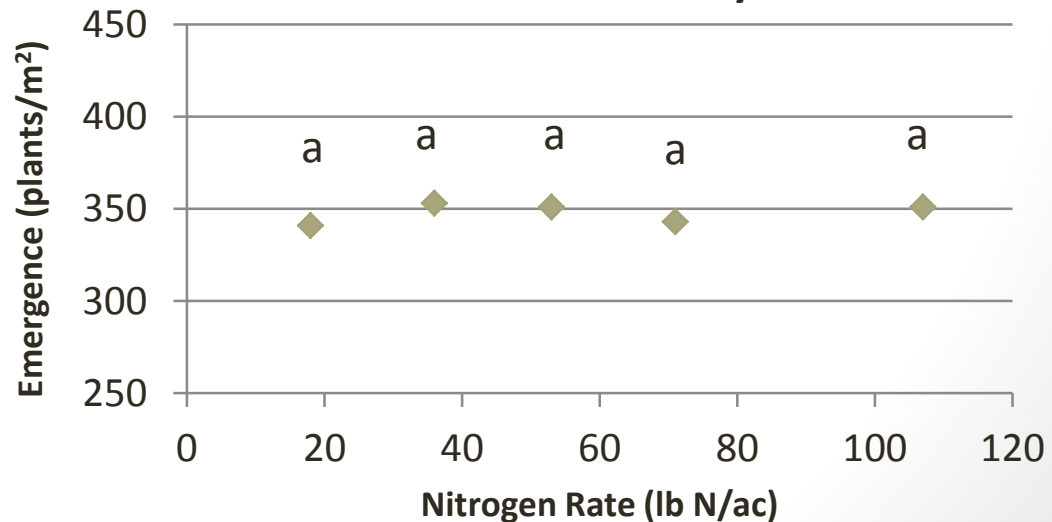
Y × N: ns

Y × R × N: ns

### Row Spacing × Plant Density



### N Rate × Plant Density



# Oats: Effects on Grain Yield

## Tests of Fixed Effects:

Row spacing (R): <0.001

R linear: <0.001

R quad: ns

N Rate (N): <0.001

N linear: <0.001

N quad: <0.001

R × N: 0.006

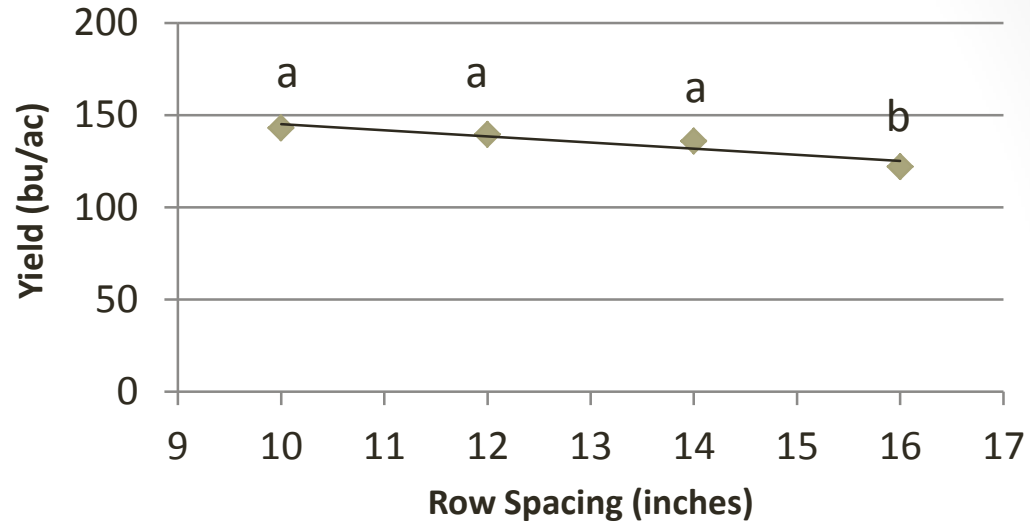
Year (Y): <0.001

Y × R: 0.012

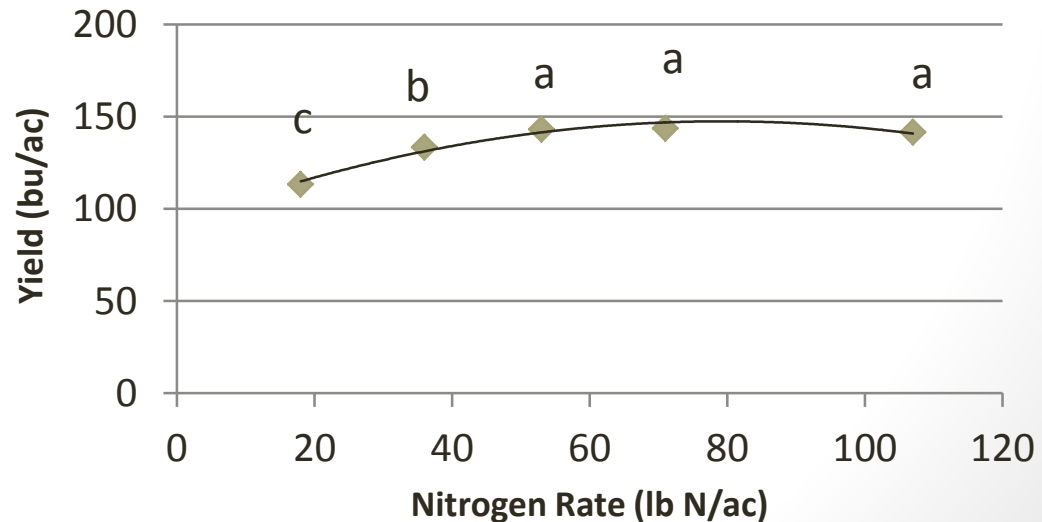
Y × N: <0.001

Y × R × N: ns

### Row Spacing × Grain Yield

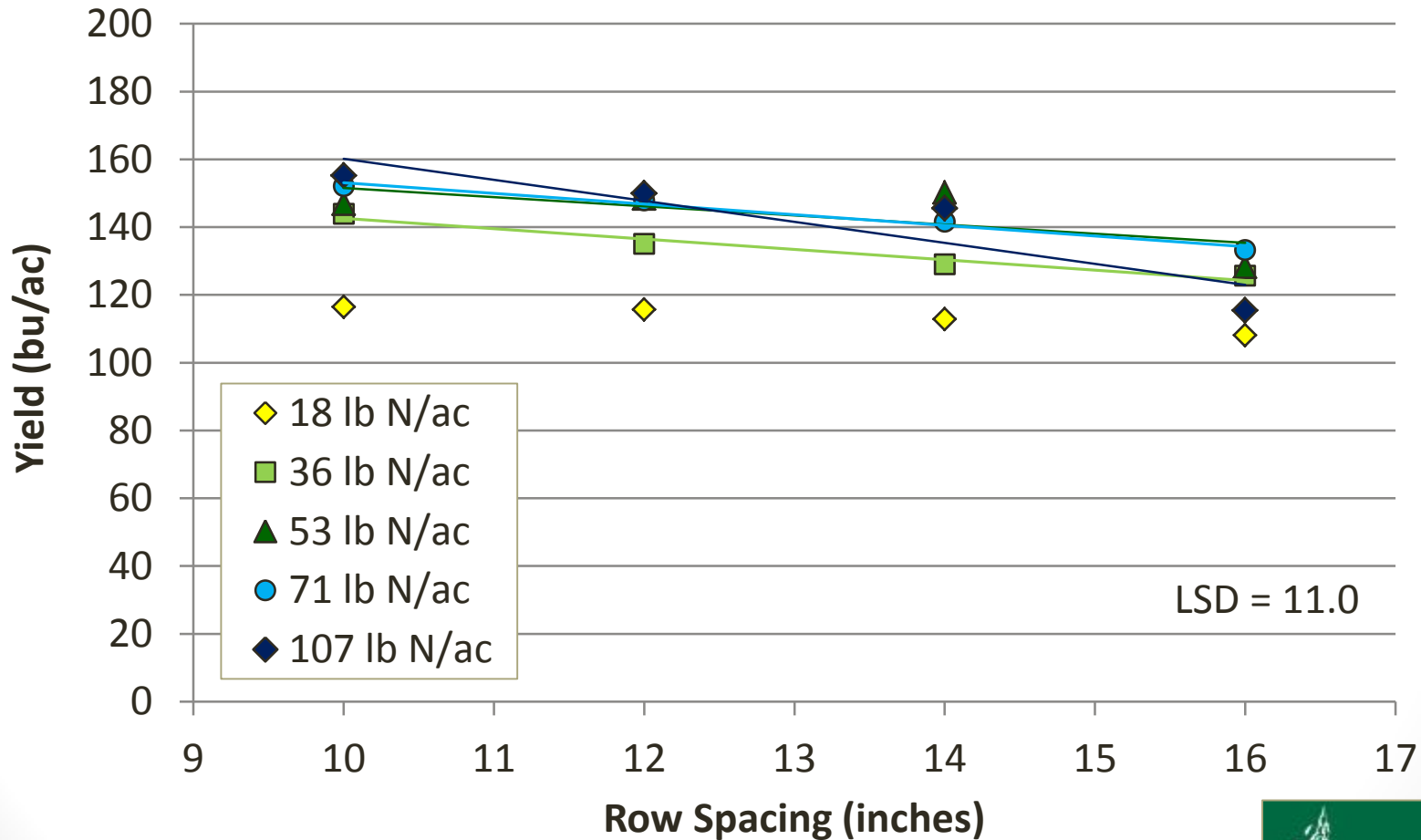


### N Rate × Grain Yield



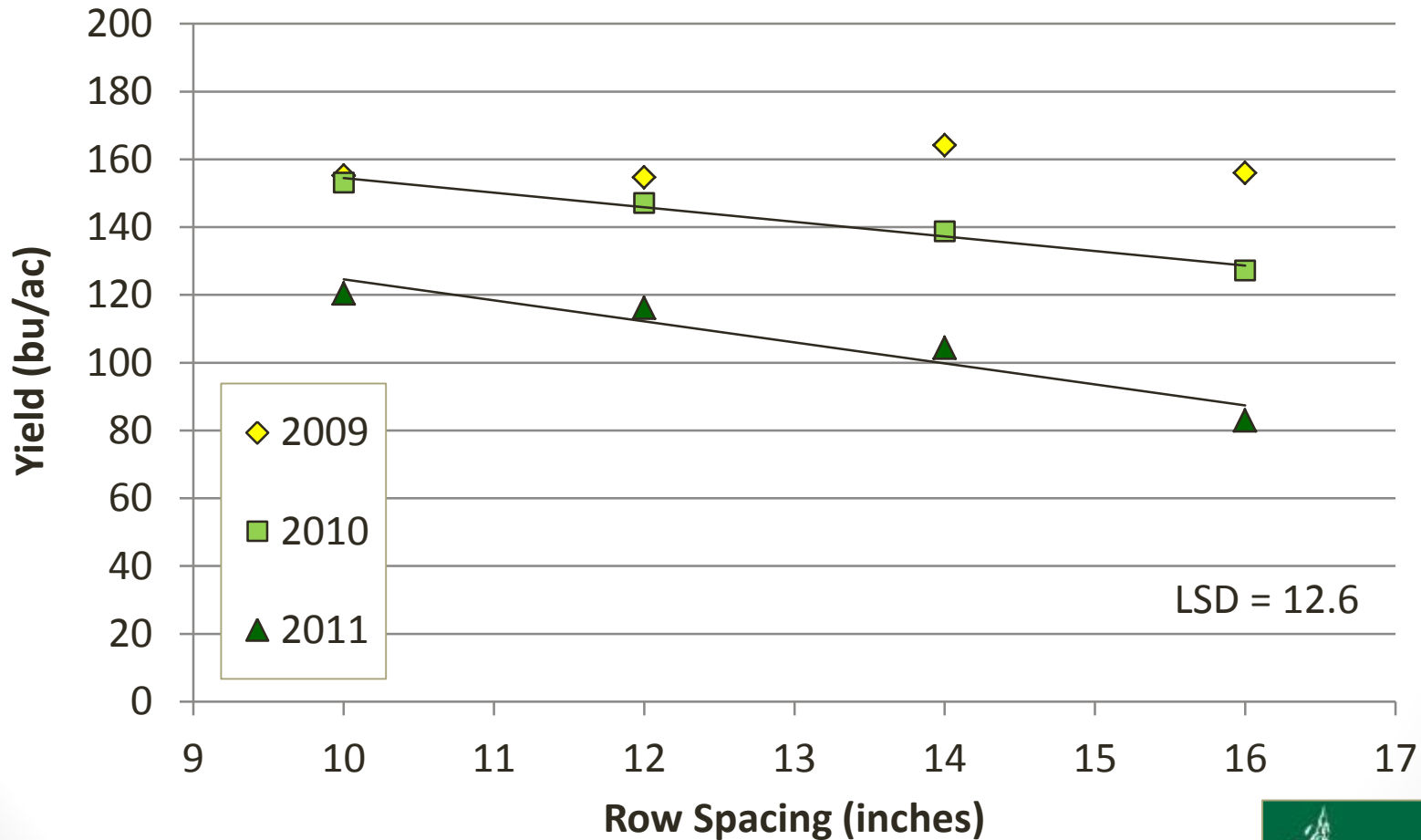
# Oats: Effects on Grain Yield

Row Spacing × N Rate × Grain Yield



# Oats: Effects on Grain Yield

Row Spacing × Year × Grain Yield



# Oats: Effects on Grain Quality

Effect	Protein	Groat Yield	1000 seed wt	Test Weight	% Plump	% Thin
Spacing (R)	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
R linear	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
R quad	ns	ns	<b>0.014</b>	ns	ns	ns
N rate (N)	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	ns	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>
N linear	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	ns	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>
N quad	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	ns	ns	ns	<b>0.036</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>
R × N	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	<b>&lt;0.001</b>
Year (Y)	ns	<b>0.001</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>0.001</b>	<b>0.002</b>	ns
Y × R	ns	ns	0.006	ns	ns	ns
Y × N	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	ns	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>
Y × R × N	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns

# Wheat Response to Row Spacing

**Duration: 2013-16 (4 yr)**

**Treatments (20):**

- 10, 12, 14 & 16 row spacing
- 18, 36, 71, 107 & 142 lb N/ac

**Data Collected:**

- Plant density
- Head density
- Straw N
- Grain Yield
- 1000 seed weight
- Test weight
- Protein



# Wheat: Effects on Grain Yield

INDIAN HEAD - 2013

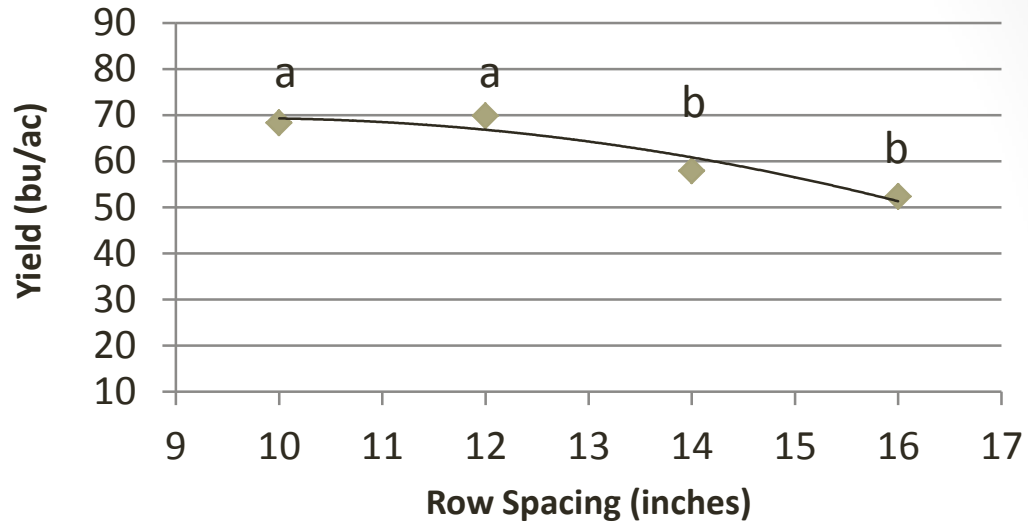
Tests of Fixed Effects:

Row spacing (R):  $P = 0.010$

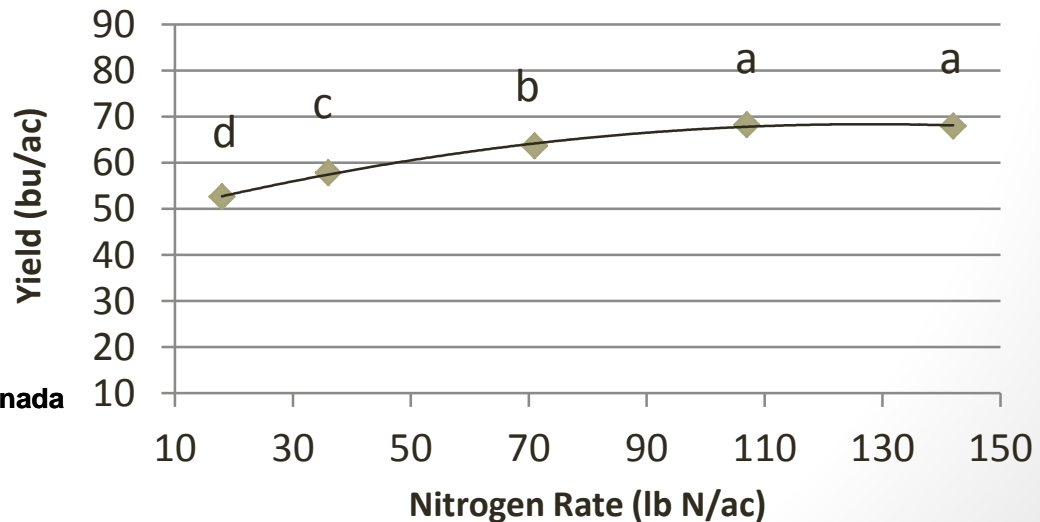
N Rate (N):  $P < 0.001$

$R \times N$ :  $P = 0.939$

Row Spacing × Grain Yield



N Rate × Grain Yield





# Wheat: Effects on Grain Yield

INDIAN HEAD - 2014

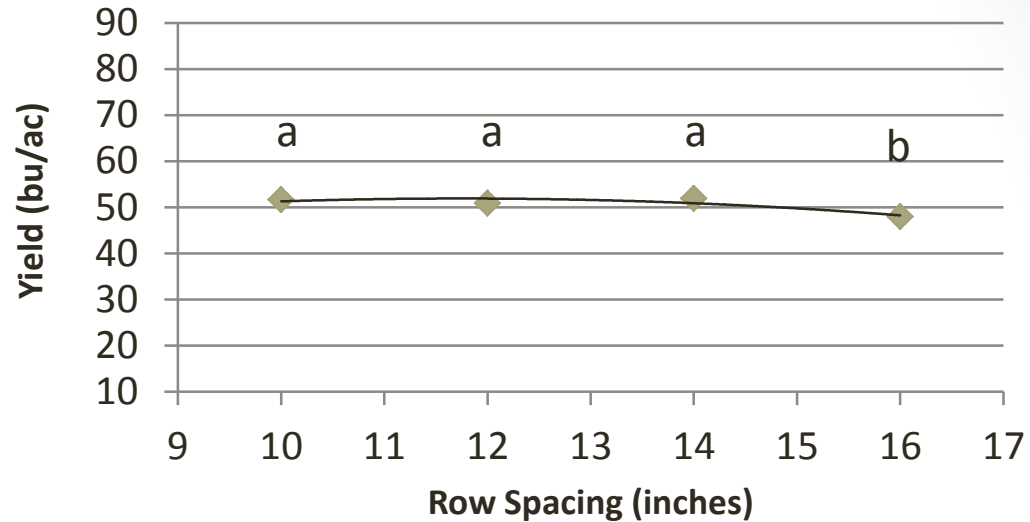
Tests of Fixed Effects:

Row spacing (R):  $P = 0.033$

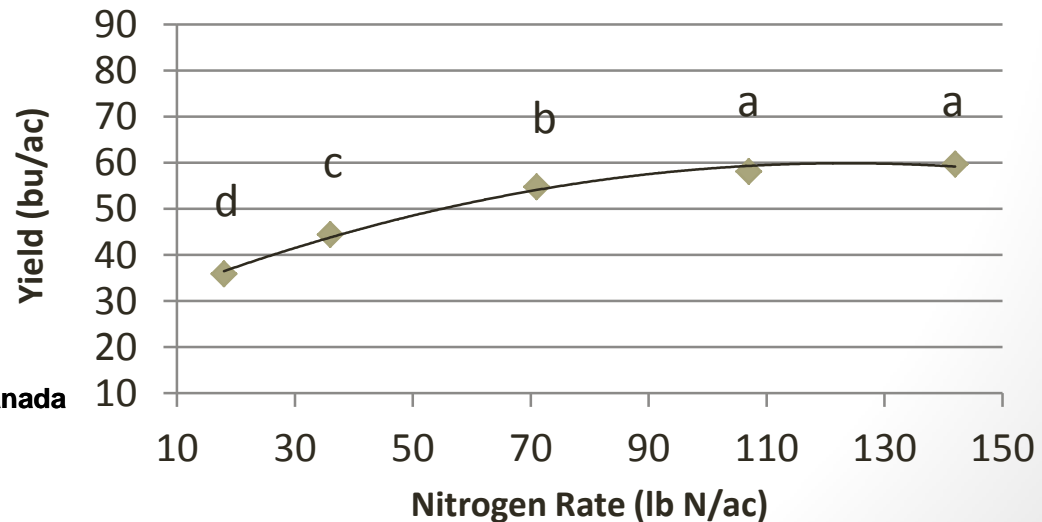
N Rate (N):  $P < 0.001$

$R \times N$ :  $P = 0.437$

Row Spacing  $\times$  Grain Yield



N Rate  $\times$  Grain Yield



SeedMaster Research Farm

## HRSW 10" vs. 15" Row Spacing Trial

year	Spacing	Grade Offer	Test Weight (lb/bu)	Protein (%)	Moisture (%)	Yield (bu/acre)
2013	10"	#2 Red	62.50	13.70	15.60	58.92
2014	10"	#2 Red	61.70	13.60	13.10	55.70
2015	10"	#2 Red	62.90	14.70	13.90	58.93

3 Year Average	62.37	14.00	14.20	57.85
----------------	-------	-------	-------	-------

2013	15"	#2 Red	62.60	14.20	15.50	58.63
2014	15"	#2 Red	61.80	13.60	13.10	54.10
2015	15"	#2 Red	62.80	15.00	13.90	58.78

3 Year Average	62.40	14.27	14.17	57.17
----------------	-------	-------	-------	-------

# Flax Response to Row Spacing

**Duration: 2014-16 (3 yr)**

**Treatments (10):**

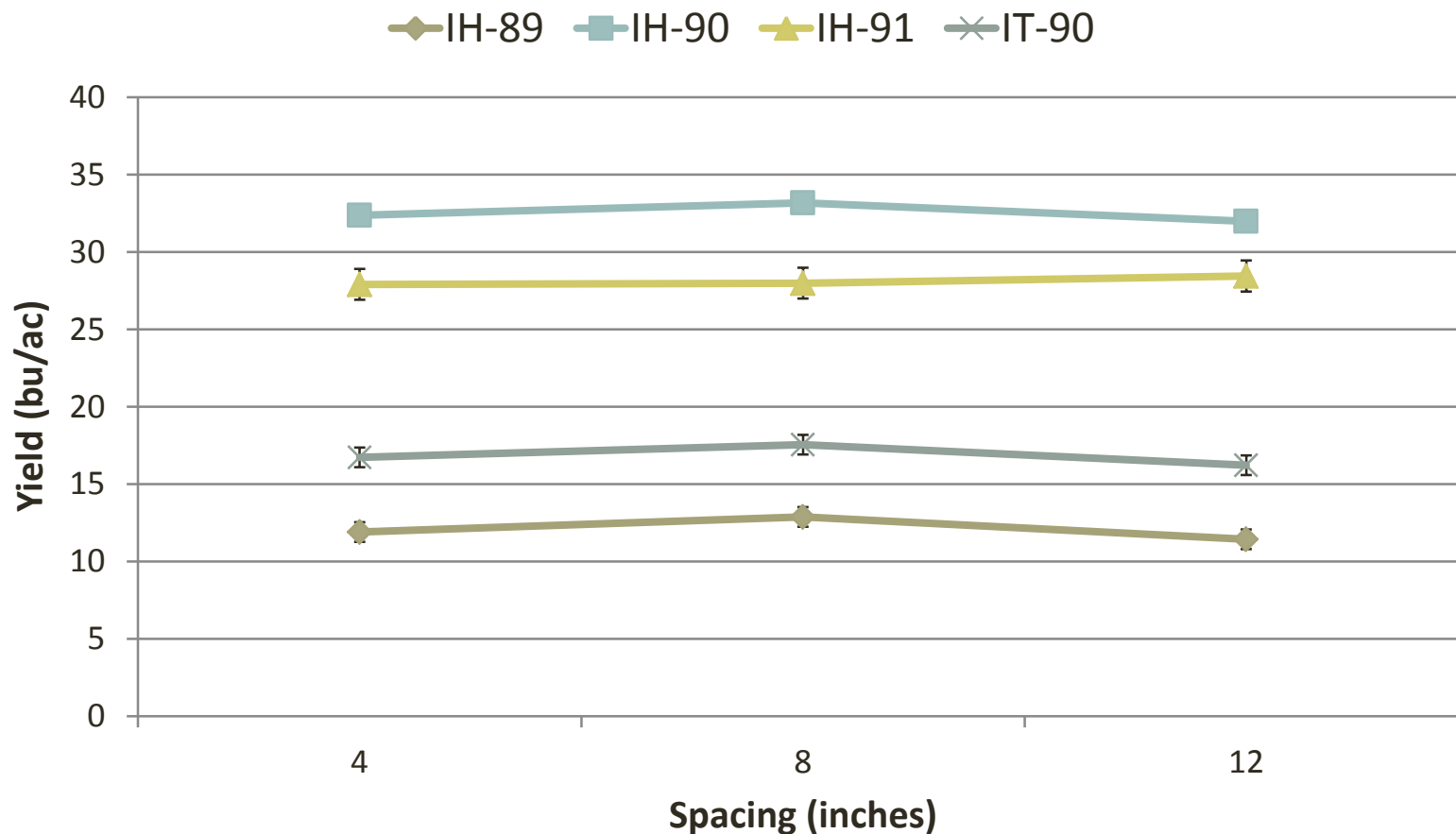
- 10, 12, 14, 16 & 24" row spacing
- With and without foliar fungicide

**Data Collected:**

- Plant density
- Maturity
- Lodging
- Seed yield

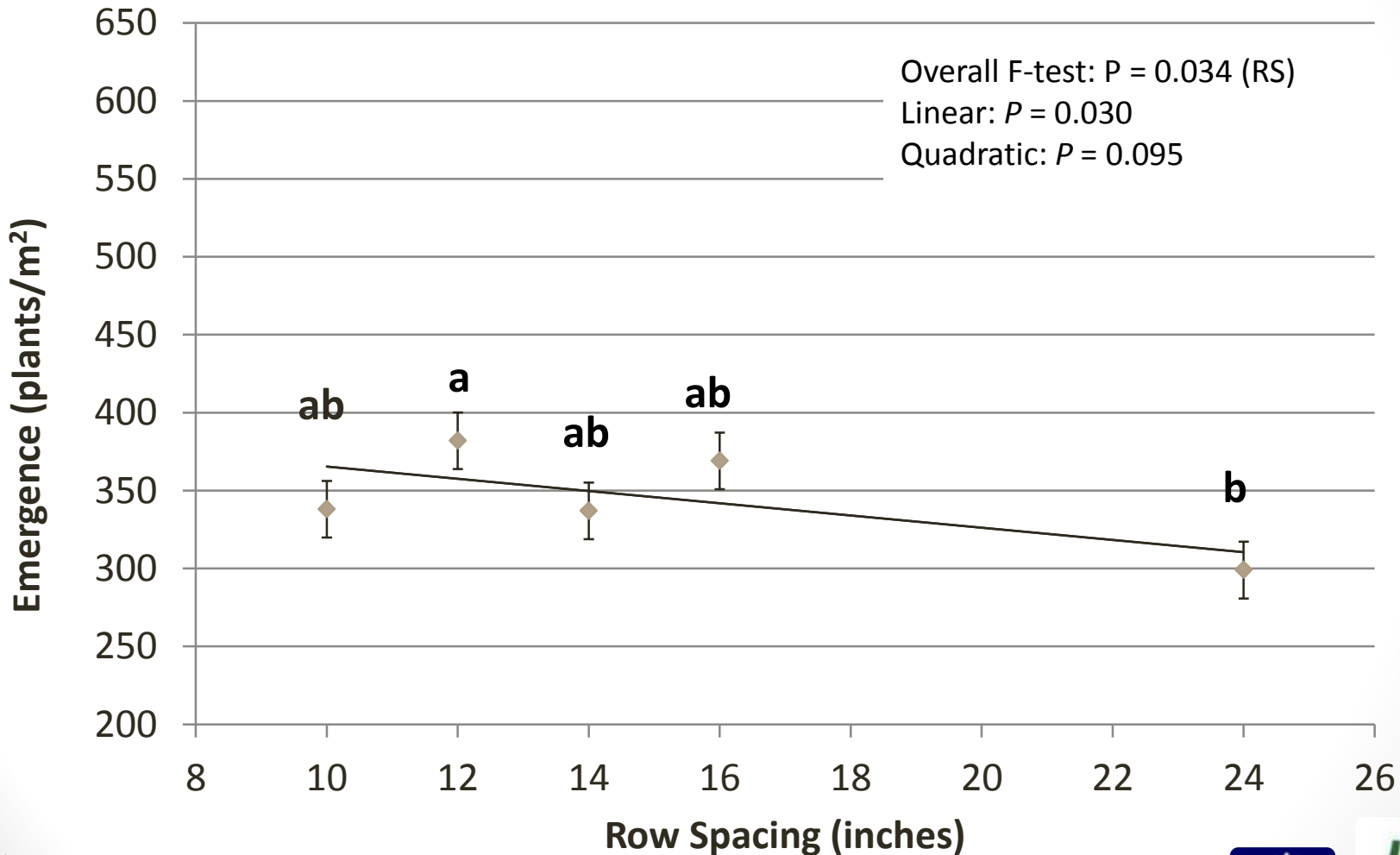


# Optimum Row Spacing for Flax

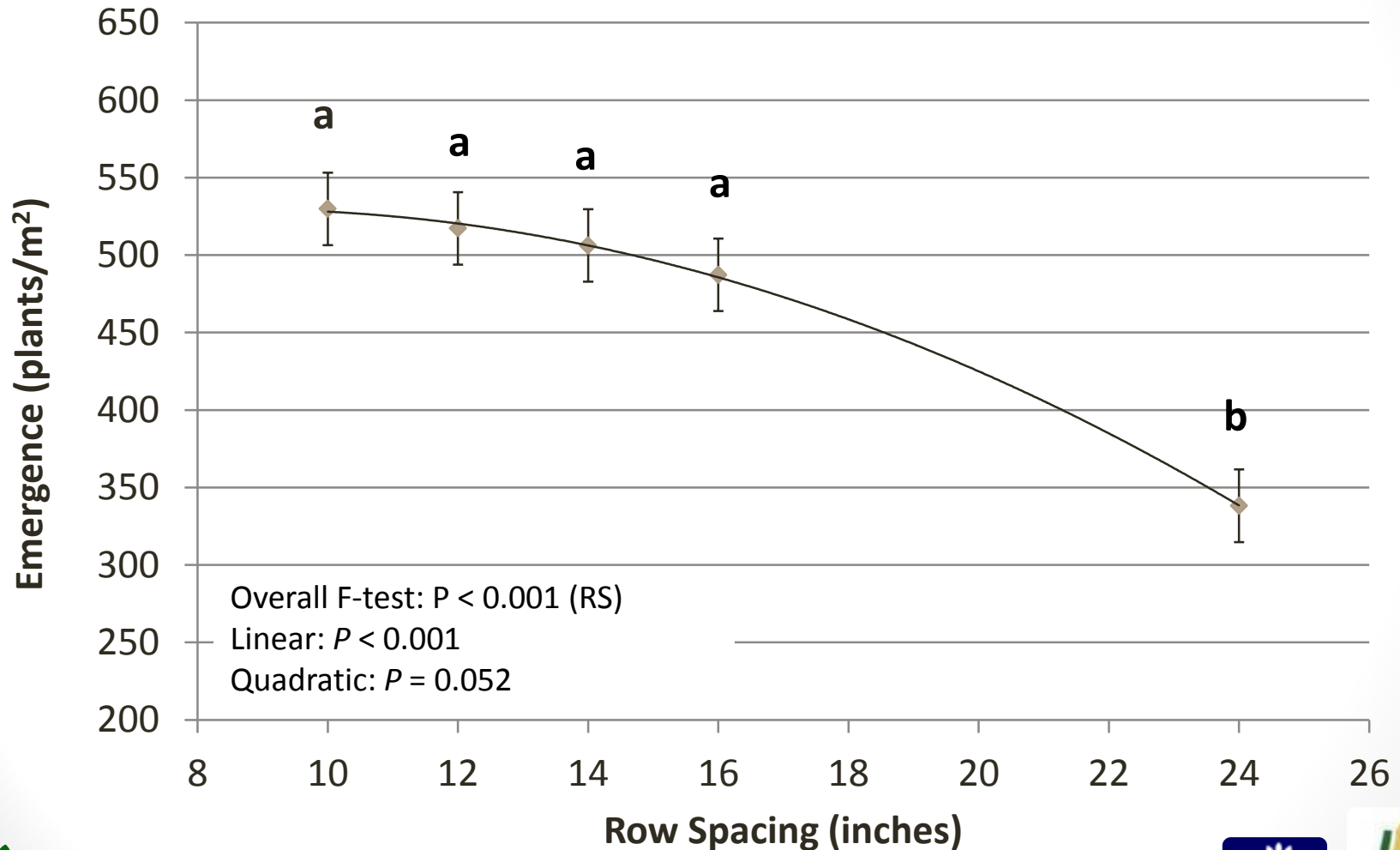


- Lafond (1992) showed declining plant density, increased height and no effect on yield as row spacing increased from 4 to 12" (Can. J. Plant Sci. 93: 375-382)

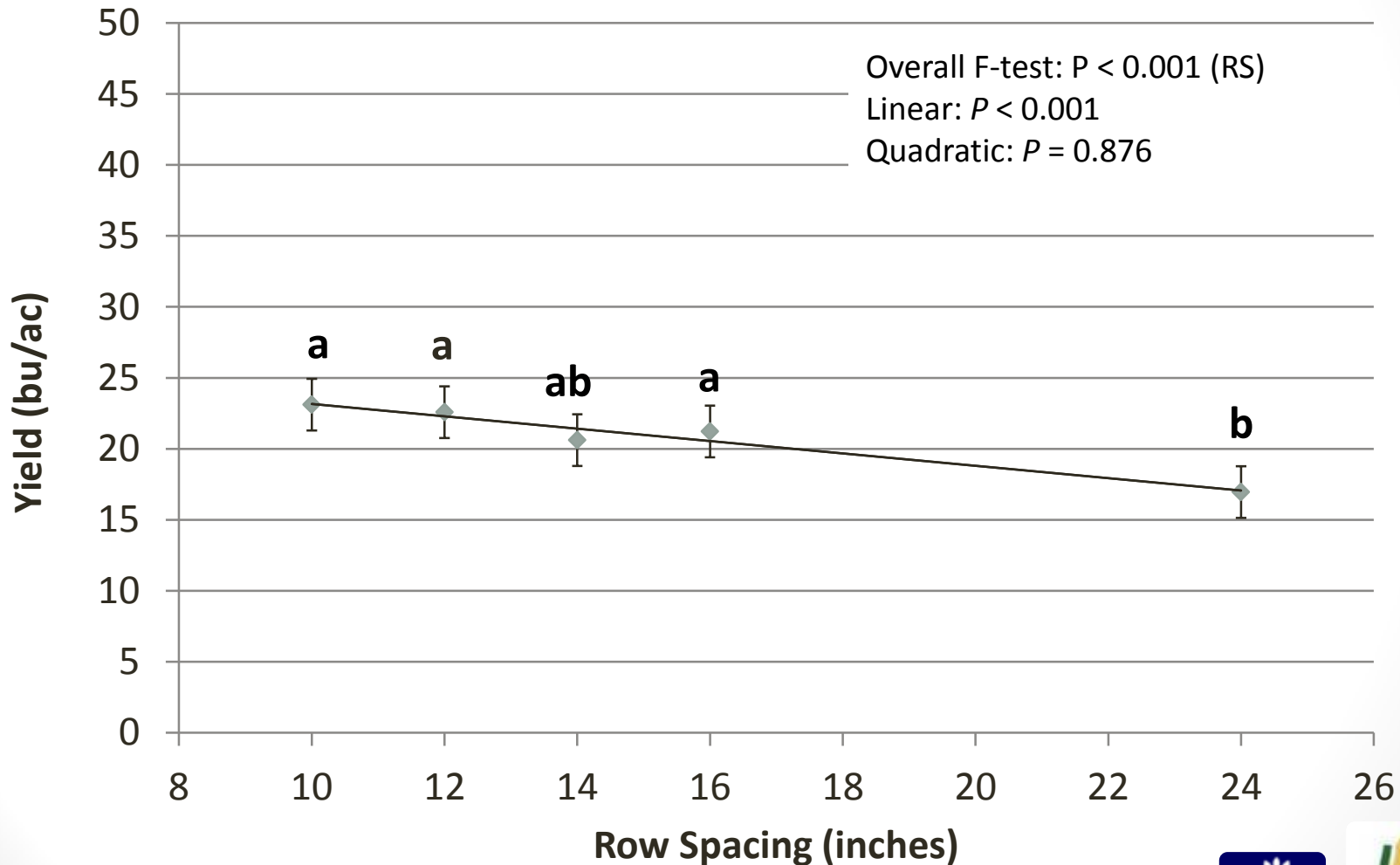
# Flax: Effects on Plant Density (IH-2014)



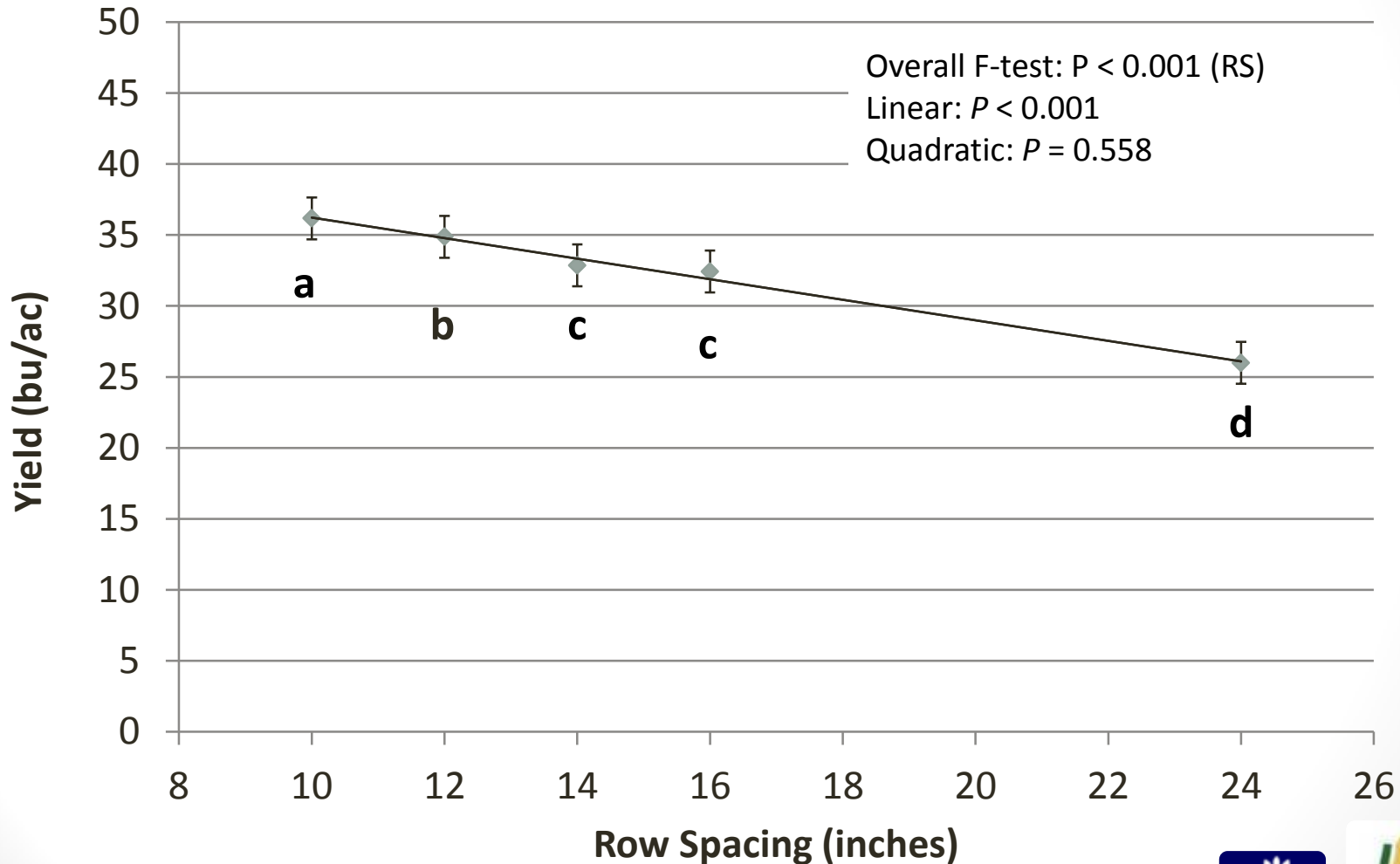
# Flax: Effects on Plant Density (IH-2015)



# Flax: Effects on Seed Yield (IH-2014)



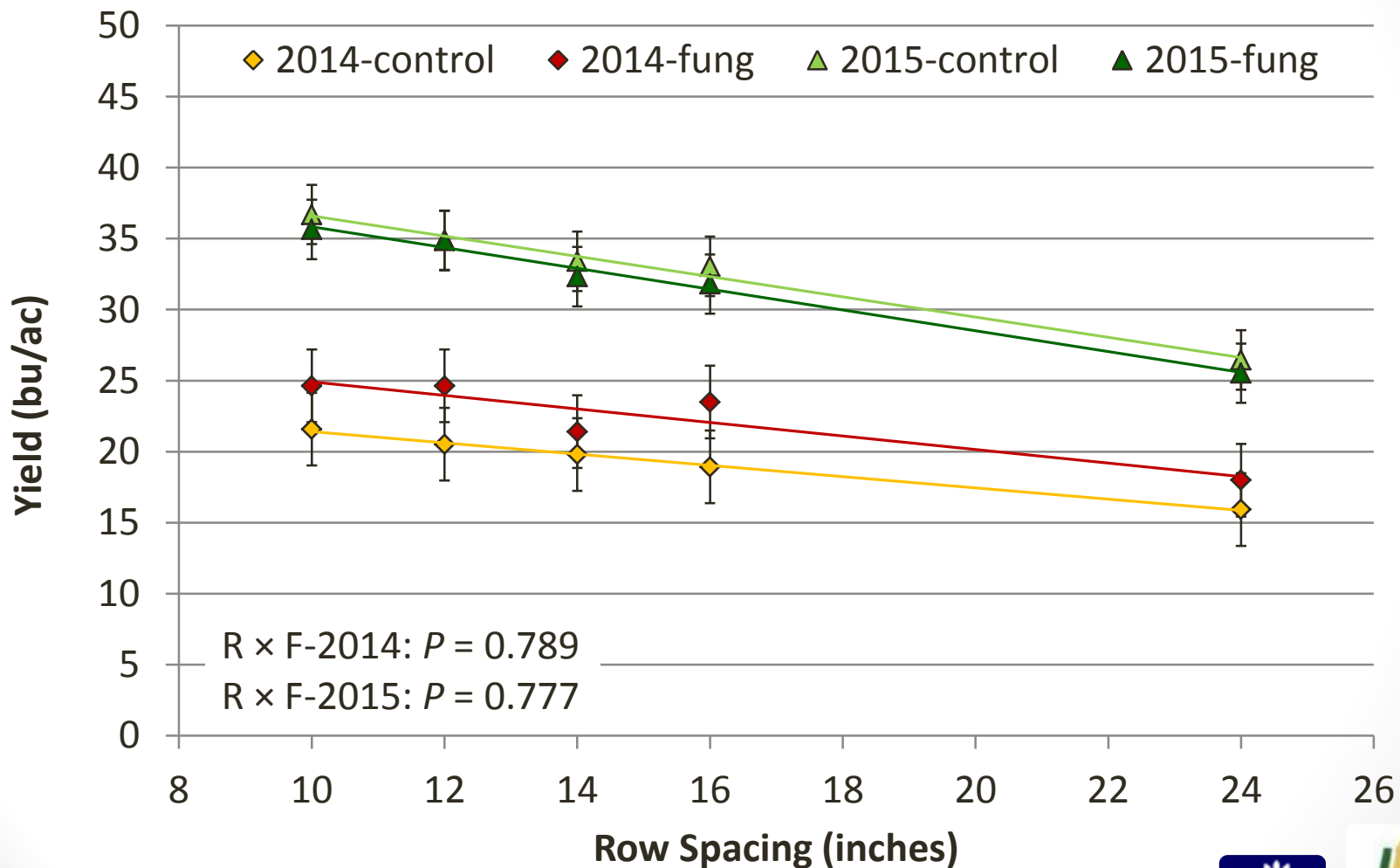
# Flax: Effects on Seed Yield (IH-2015)



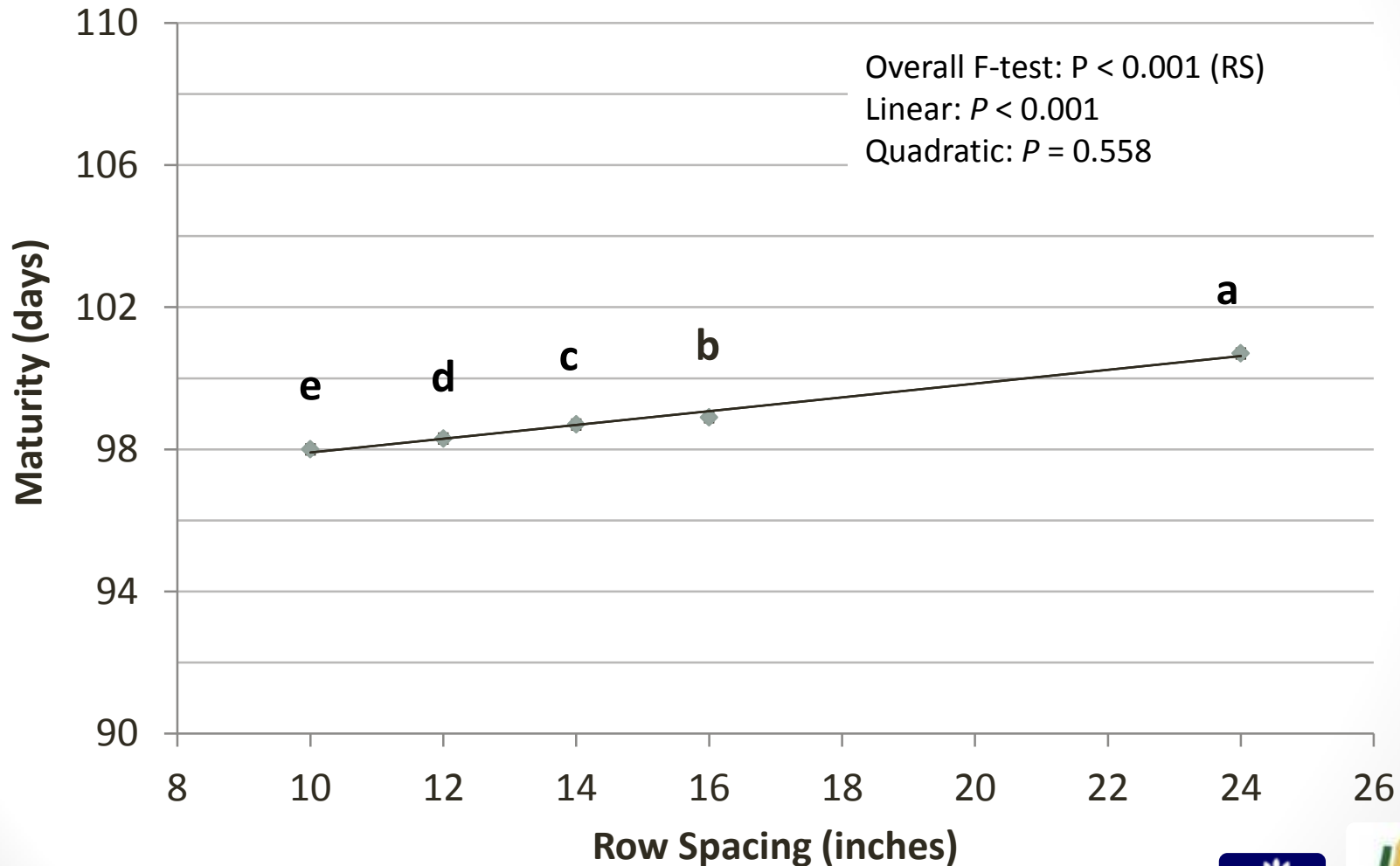


# Row Spacing × Fungicide

## Effects on Flax Yield



# Flax: Effects on Maturity (IH-2015)



# Flax at Varying Row Spacing (IH-2015)



# Soybean Response to Row Spacing

**Duration: 2014-17 (4 yr)**

**Treatments (15):**

- 10, 12, 14, 16 & 24" row spacing
- 40, 50 & 60 seeds/m<sup>2</sup> (162-243k seeds/ac)

**Data Collected:**

- Plant density
- Maturity
- Pod clearance
- Seed yield
- 1000 seed weight

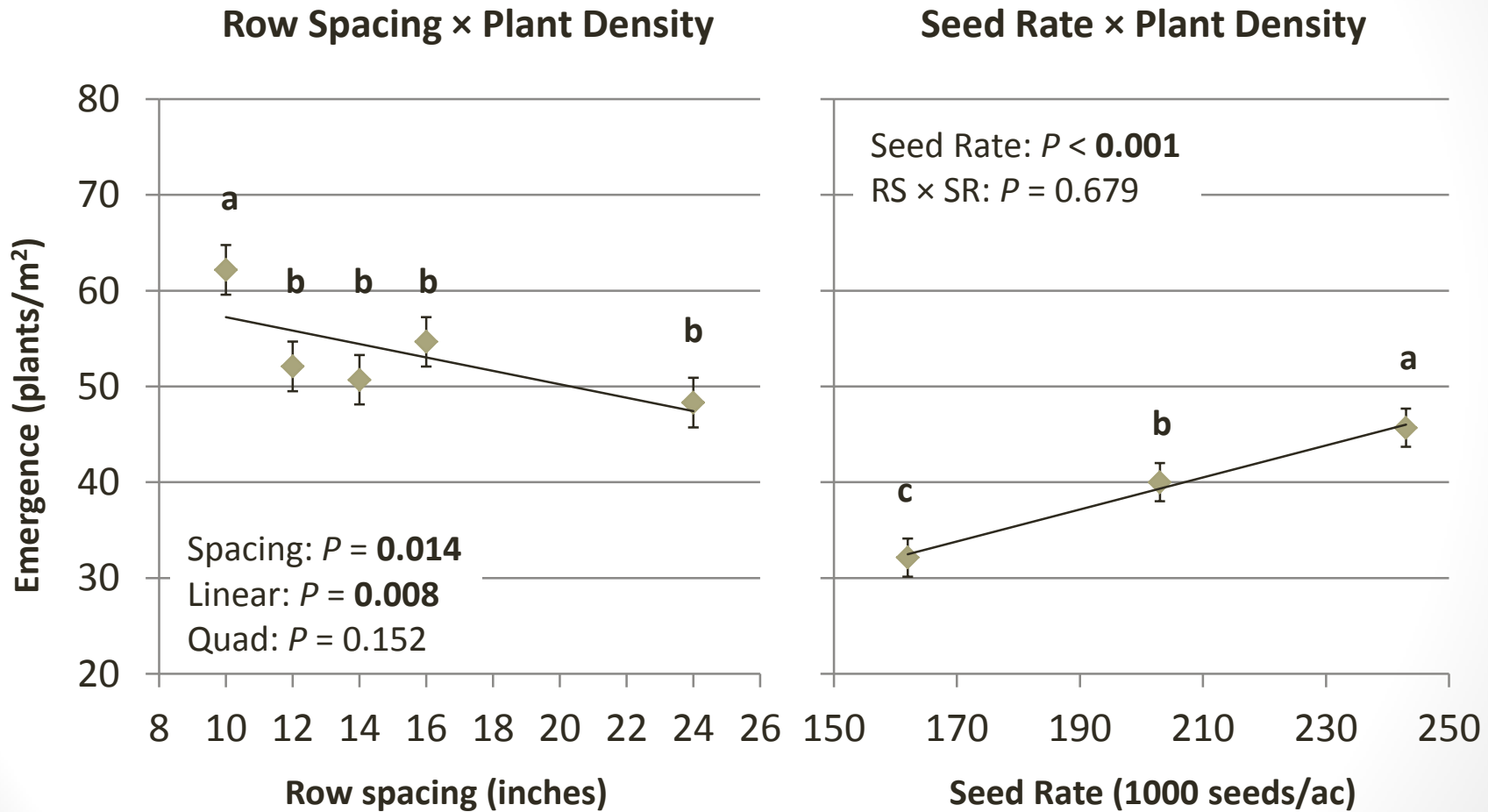


**Agriculture and  
Agri Food Canada**

**Agriculture et  
Agroalimentaire Canada**



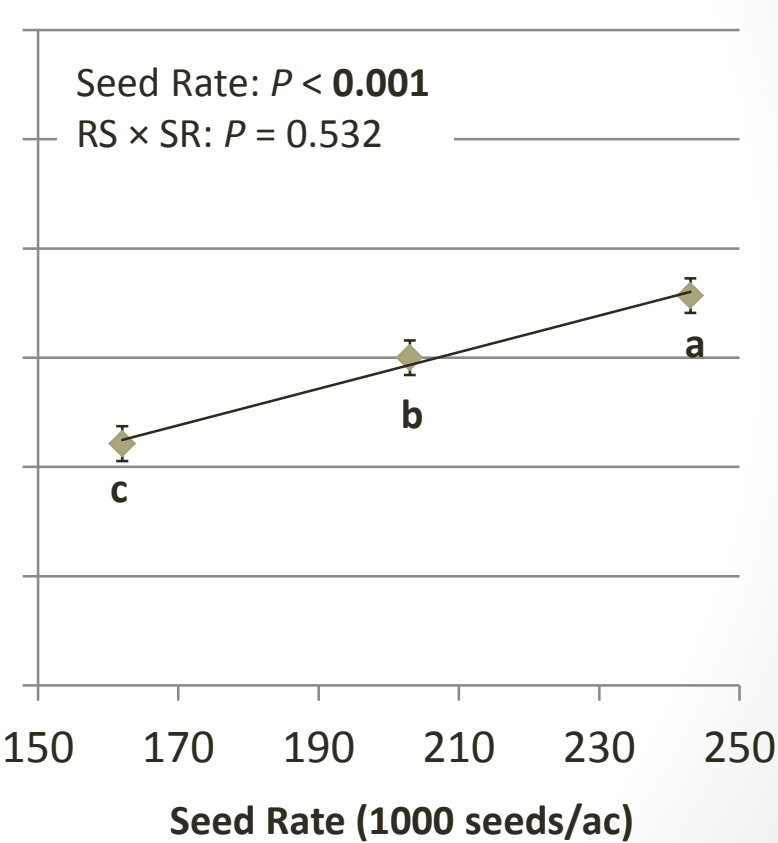
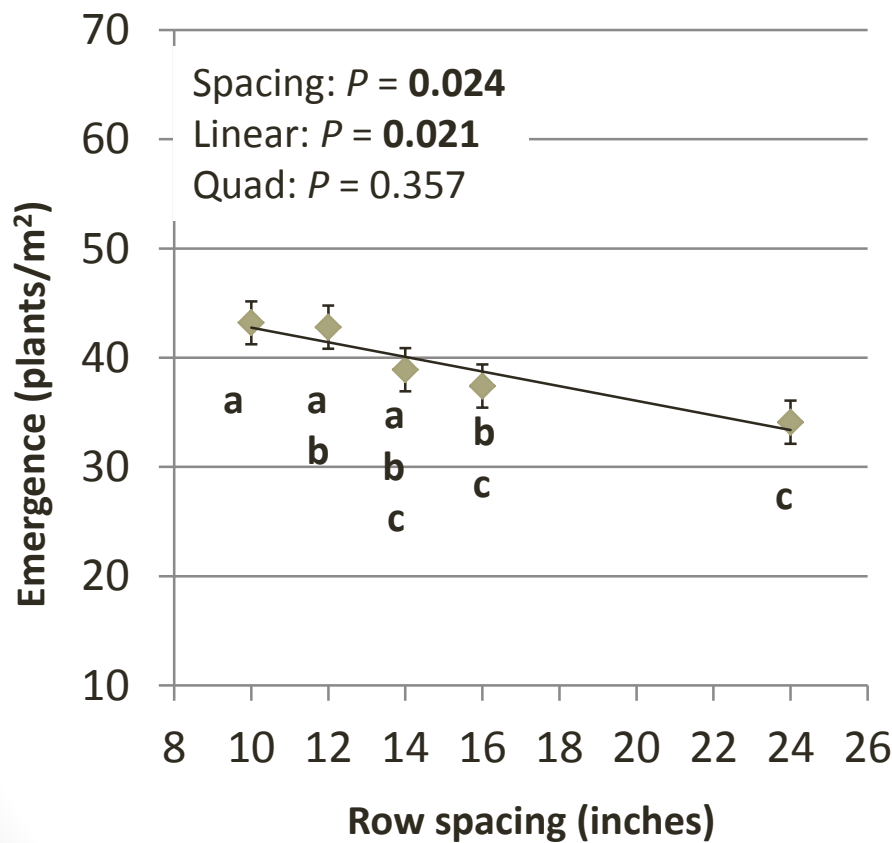
# Soybeans: Effects on Emergence (IH-2014)



# Soybeans: Effects on Emergence (IH-2015)

Row Spacing × Plant Density

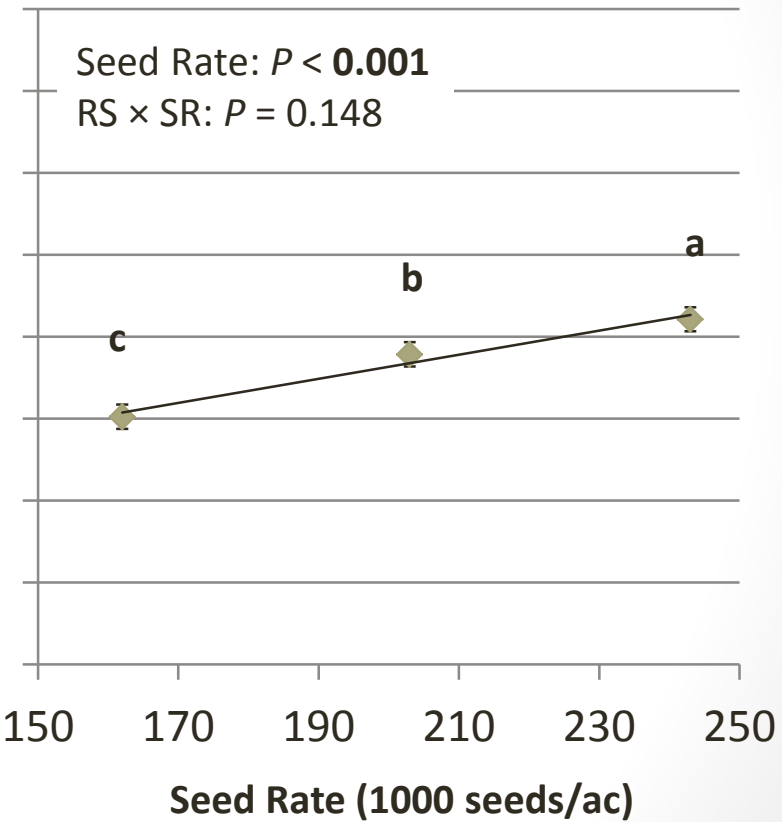
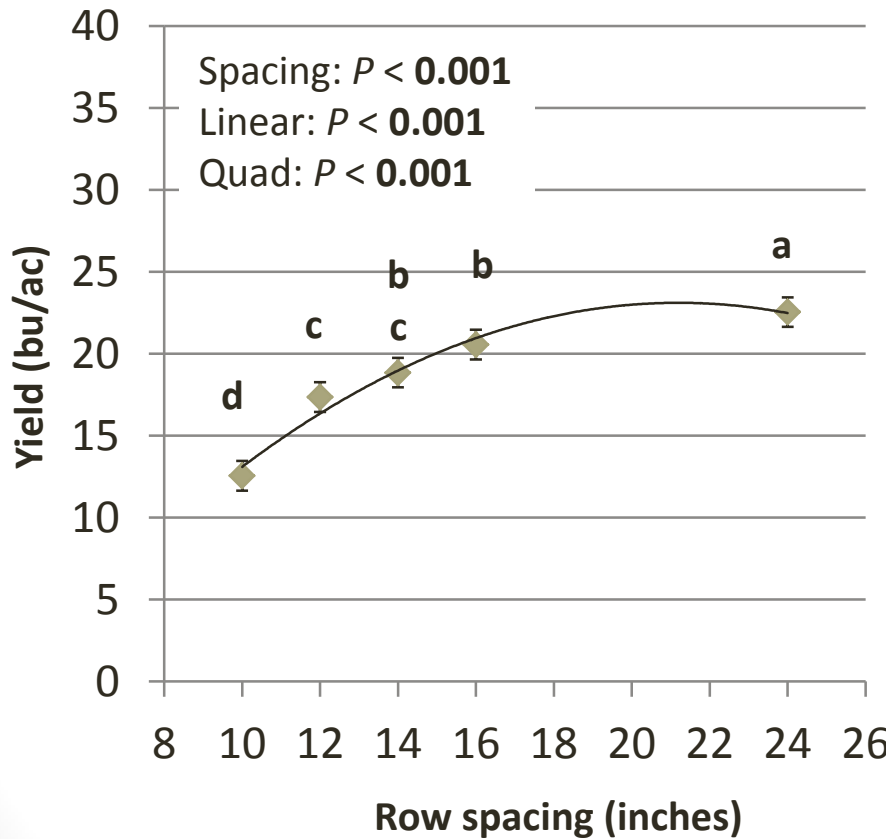
Seed Rate × Plant Density



# Soybeans: Effects on Seed Yield (IH-2014)

Row Spacing × Seed Yield

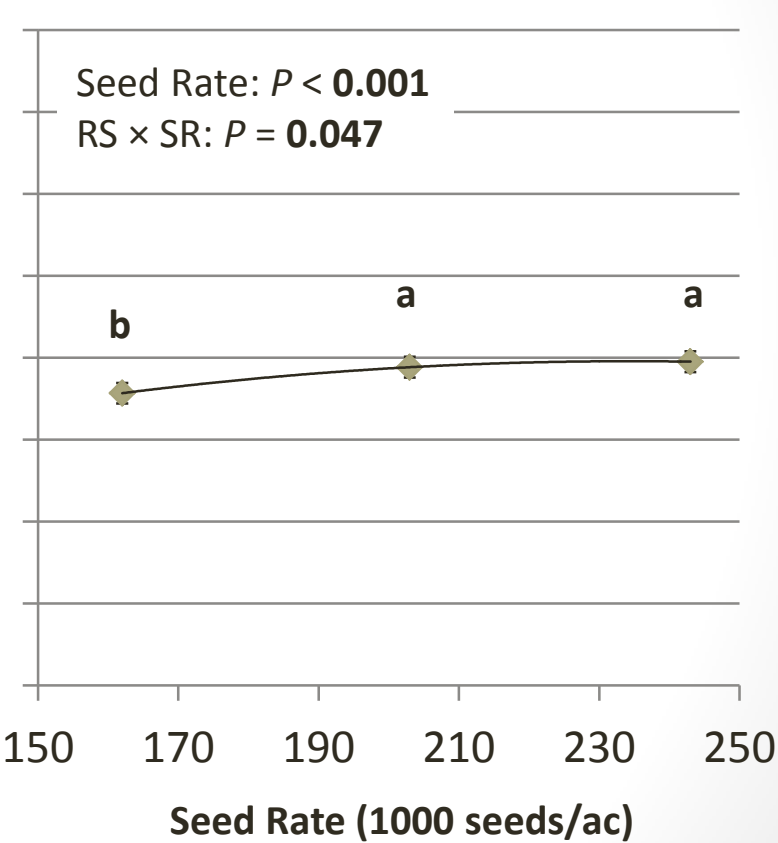
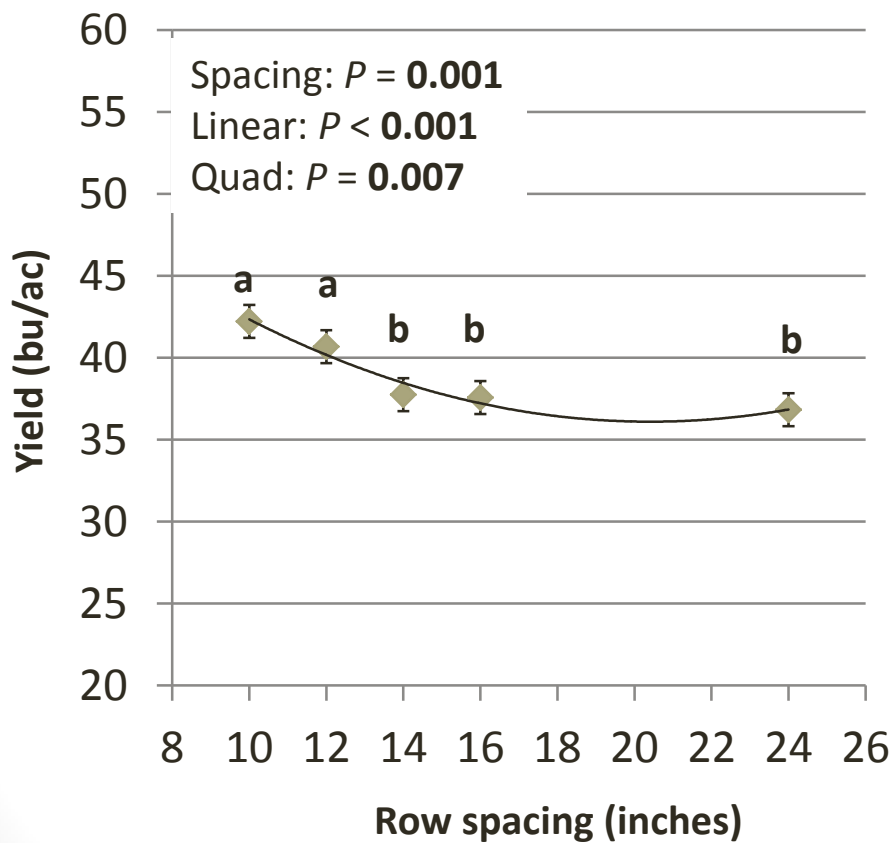
Seed Rate × Seed Yield



# Soybeans: Effects on Seed Yield (IH-2015)

Row Spacing × Seed Yield

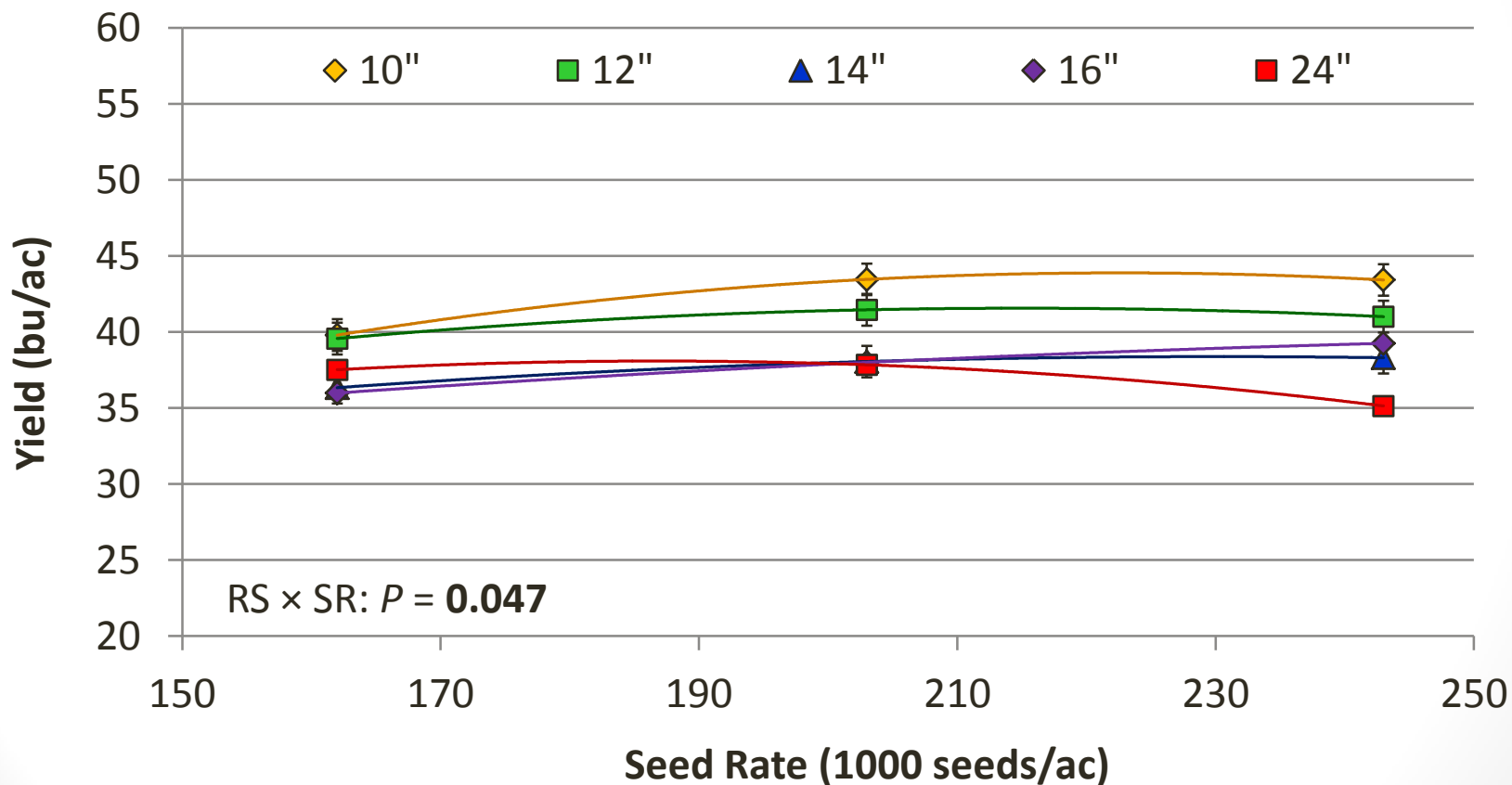
Seed Rate × Seed Yield





# Soybeans: Effects on Seed Yield (IH-2015)

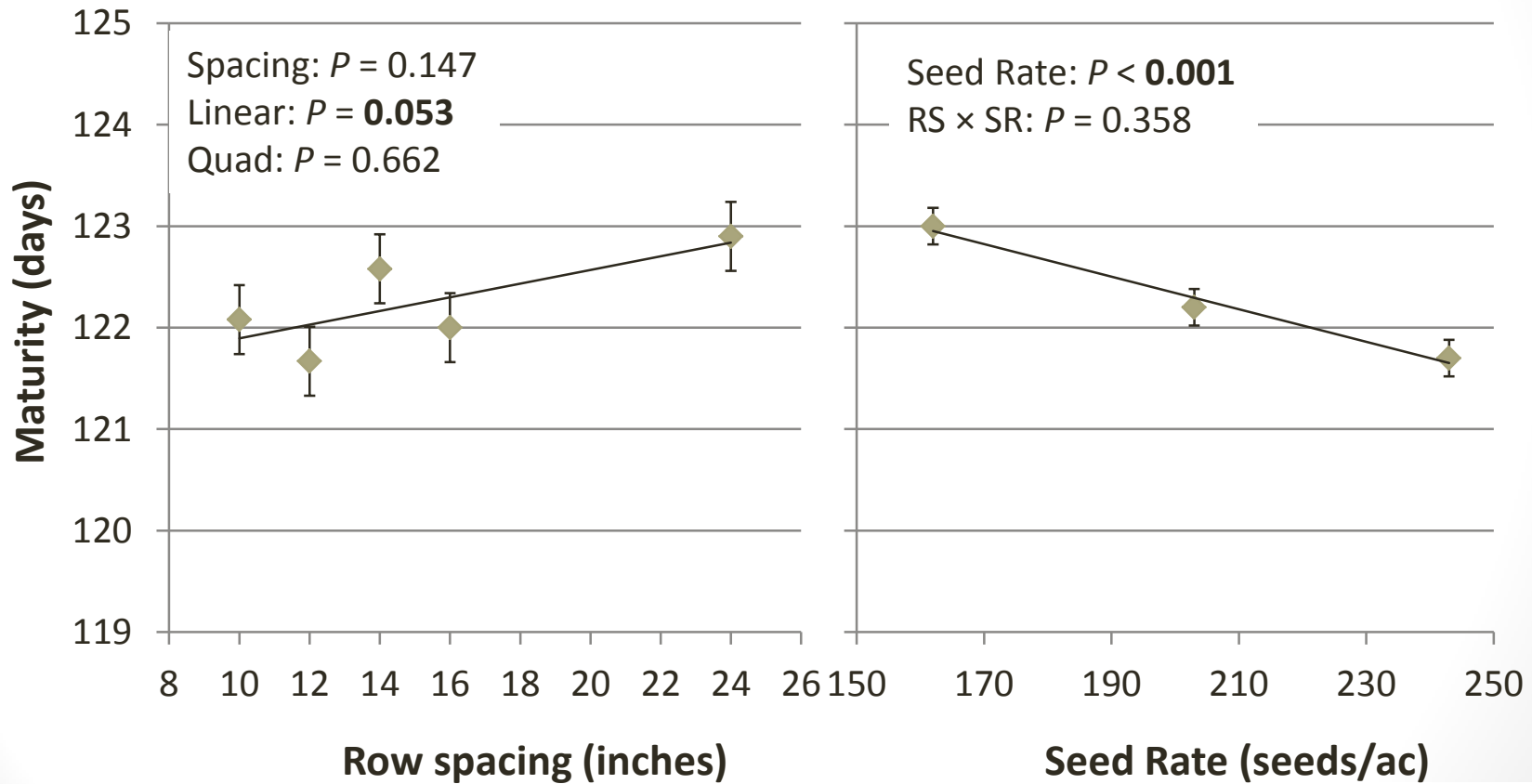
Row Spacing × Seeding Rate × Yield



# Soybeans: Effects on Maturity (IH-2015)

Row Spacing × Maturity

Seed Rate × Maturity



# Canola Response to Row Spacing

**Duration: 2013-16 (4 yr)**

**Treatments (20, 20 & 10):**

- 10, 12, 14, 16 & 24" row spacing (all trials)
- 0, 45, 90, 134 lb N/ac
- 30, 60, 90 & 120 seeds/m<sup>2</sup> (1.1-5.3 lb/ac)
- No in-crop herbicide & herbicide applied

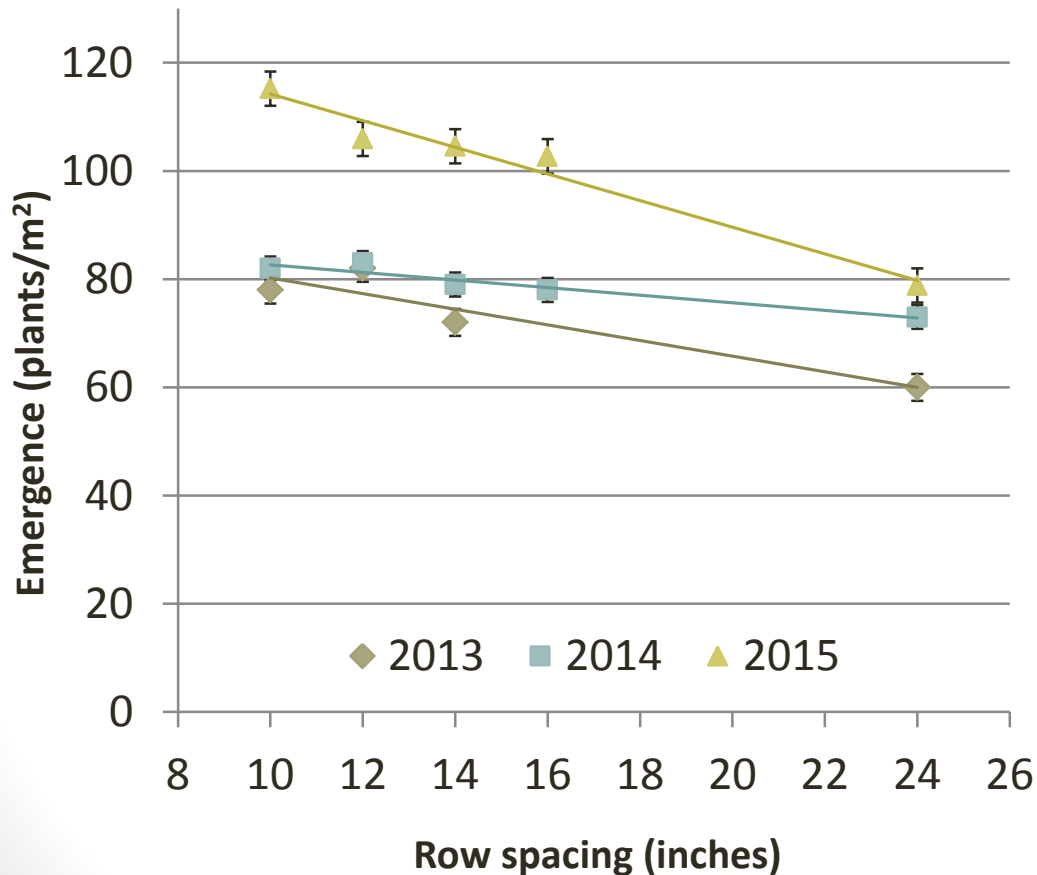
**Data Collected:**

- Plant density
- Flower dates
- Crop & weed biomass
- Maturity
- Seed yield
- 1000 seed weight
- Green Count



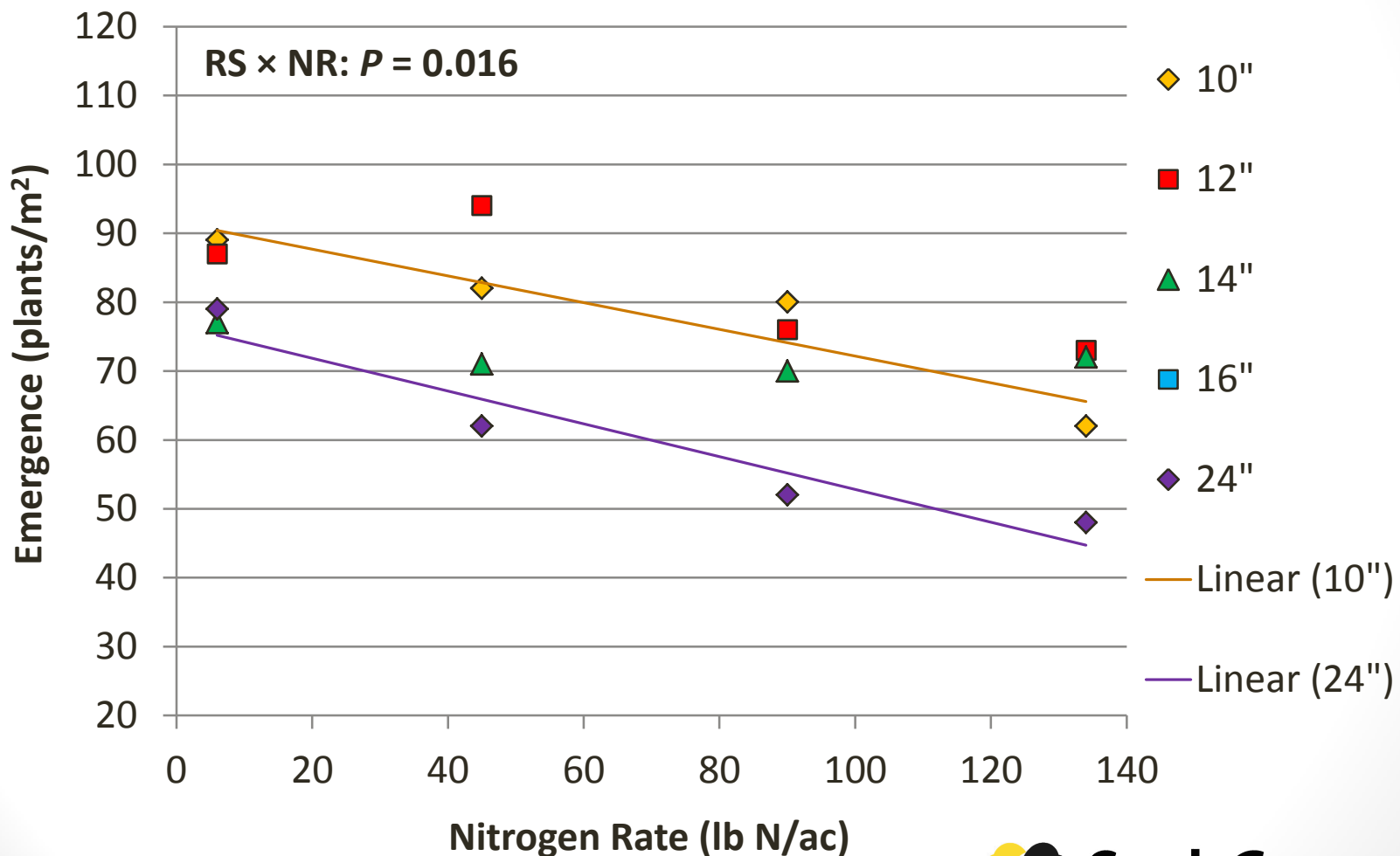
# Canola: RS Effects on Emergence 2013-15 (RS × NR)

Row Spacing × Plant Density



Effect	2013	2014	2015
	----- p-value -----		
RS	<0.001	0.046	<0.001
NR	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
RS × NR	0.095	0.016	0.106
RS lin	<0.001	0.004	<0.001
RS quad	0.832	0.983	0.475

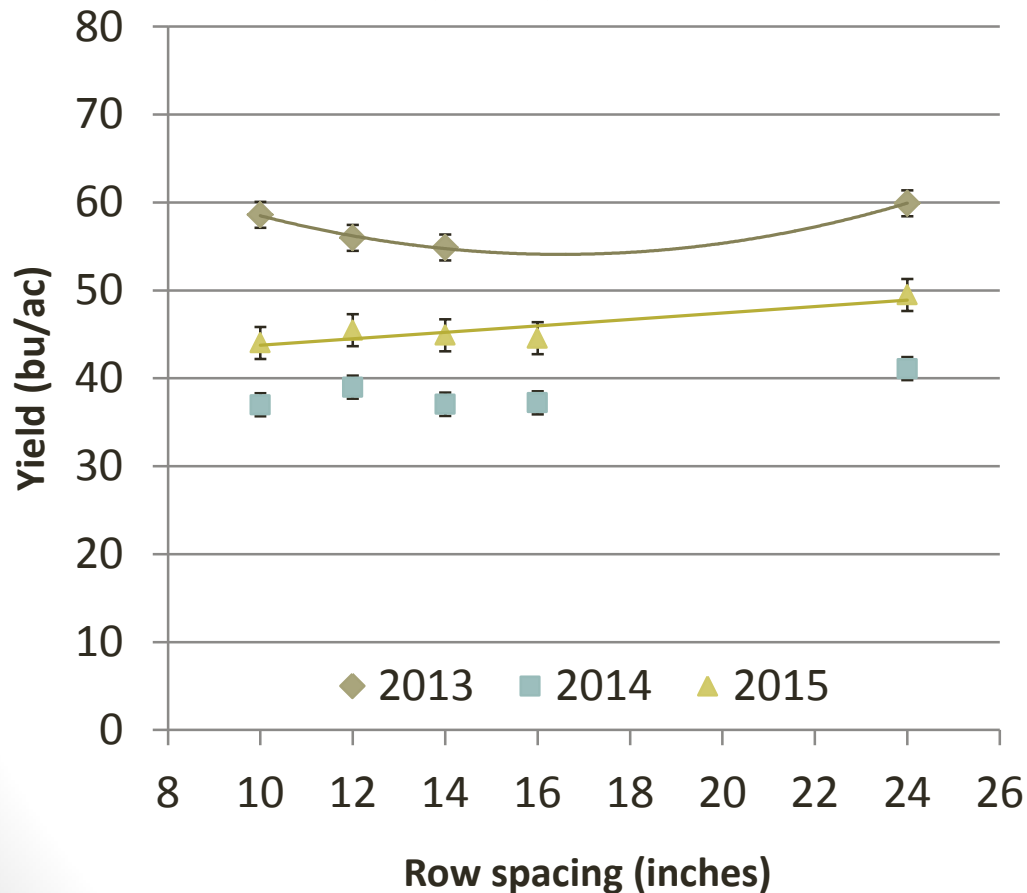
# Row Spacing x N Rate Interactions (Indian Head 2014)



# Canola: RS Effects on Yield

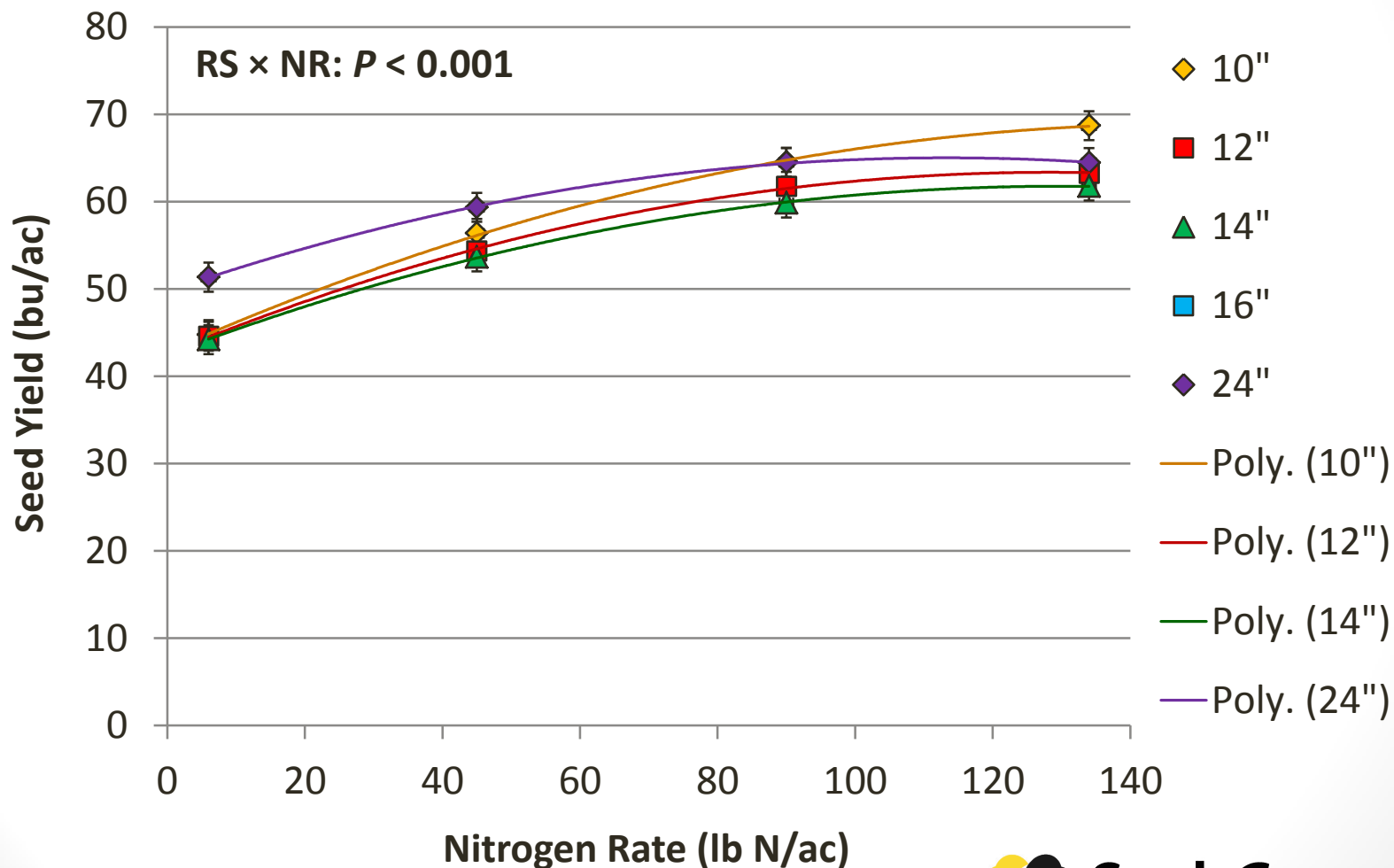
## 2013-15 (RS × NR)

Row Spacing × Seed Yield

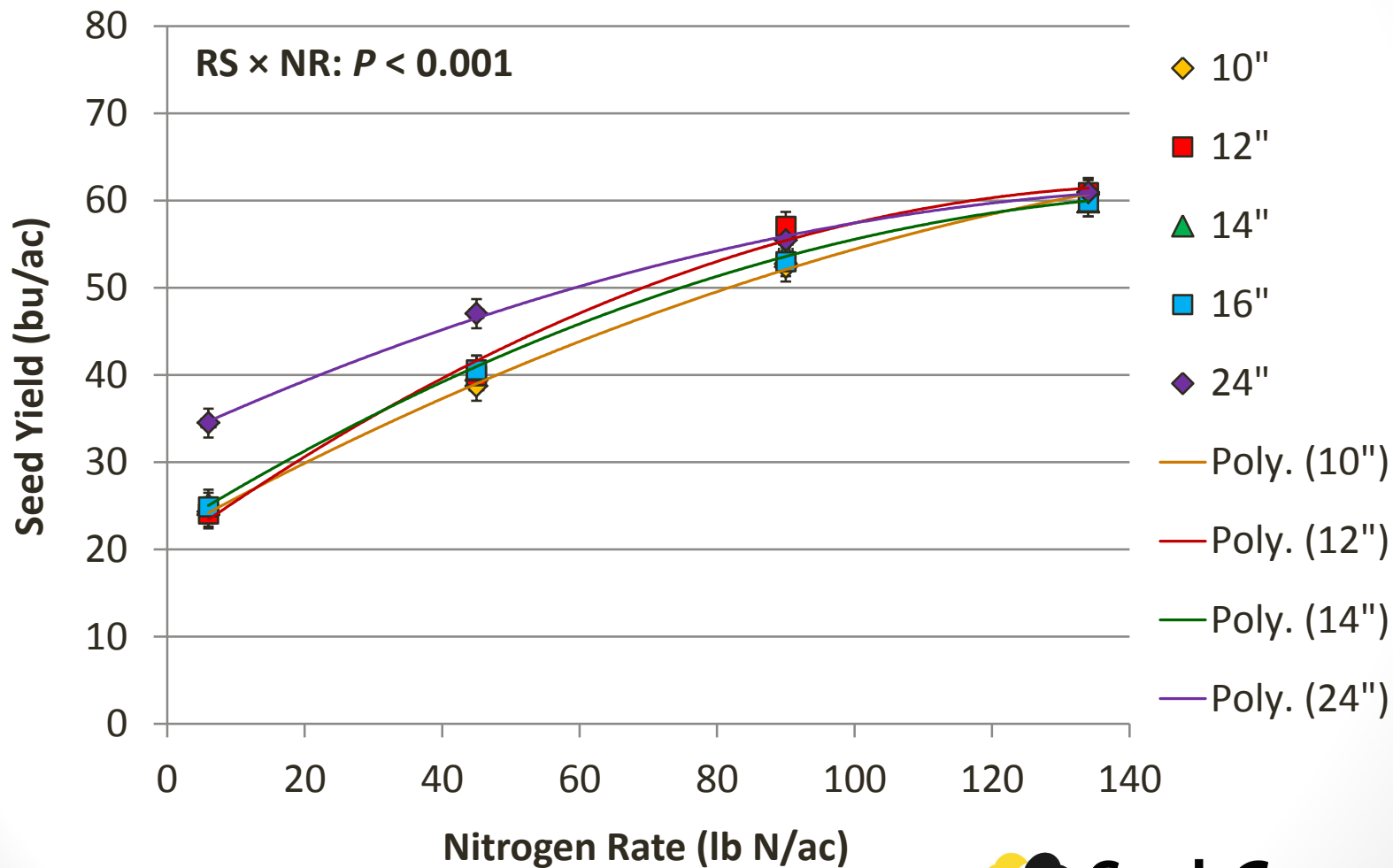


Effect	2013	2014	2015
	----- p-value -----		
RS	<b>0.024</b>	0.195	<b>0.009</b>
NR	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>
RS × NR	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.391	<b>&lt;0.001</b>
RS lin	0.061	0.195	<b>0.001</b>
RS quad	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.063	0.169

# Row Spacing x N Rate Interactions (Indian Head 2013)



# Row Spacing x N Rate Interactions (Indian Head 2015)

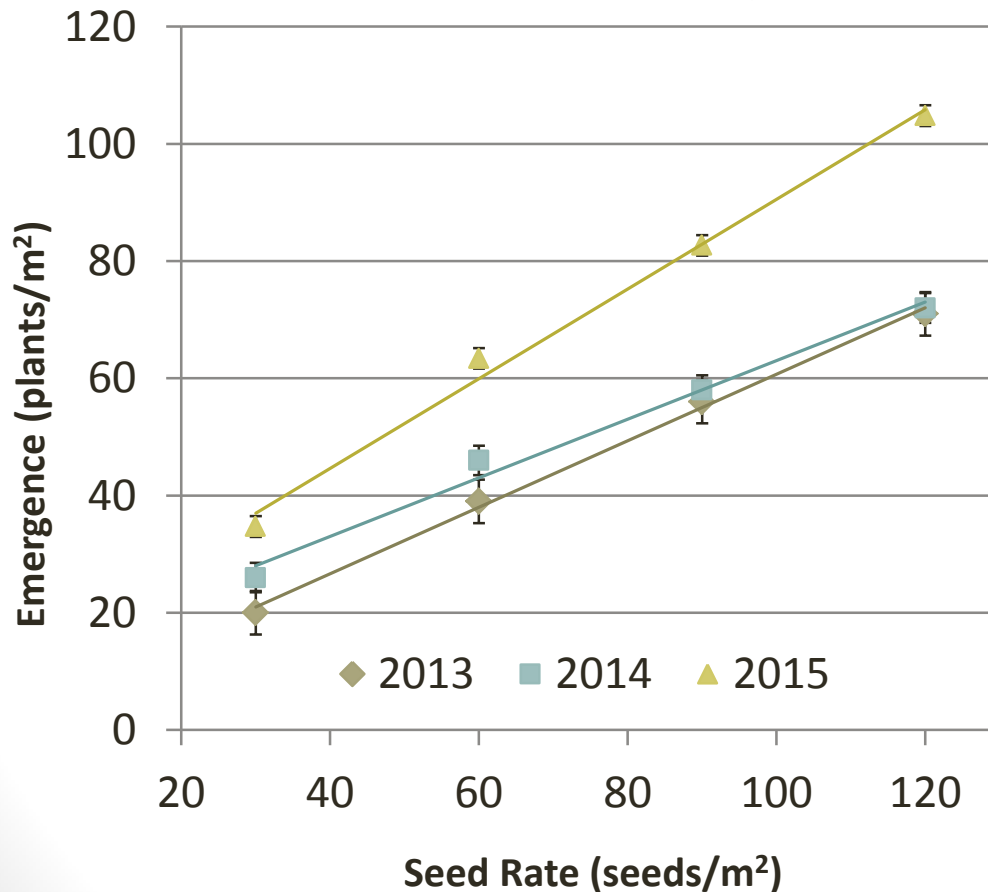




# Canola: SR Effects on Emergence

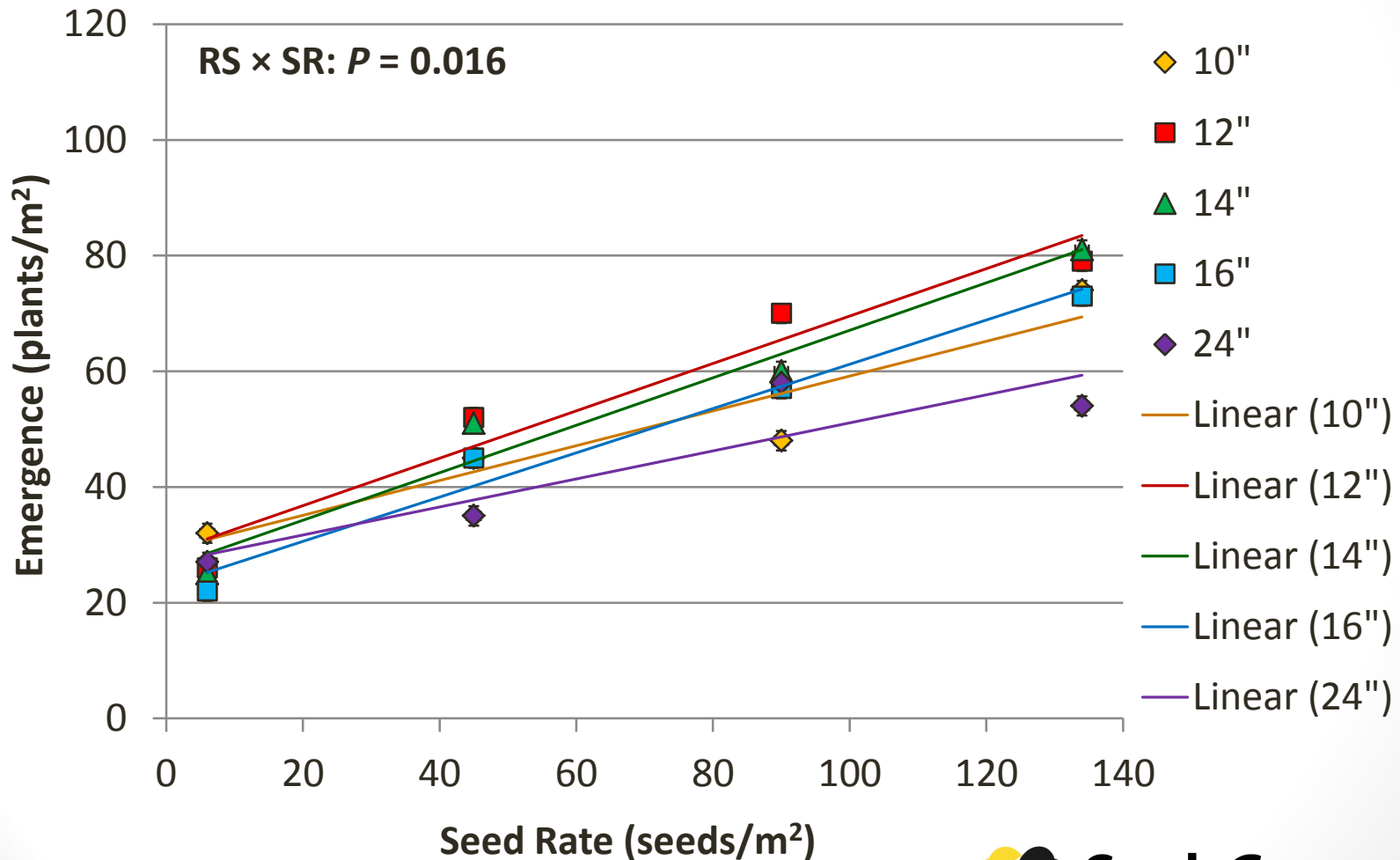
## 2013-15 (RS × SR)

Seed Rate × Plant Density

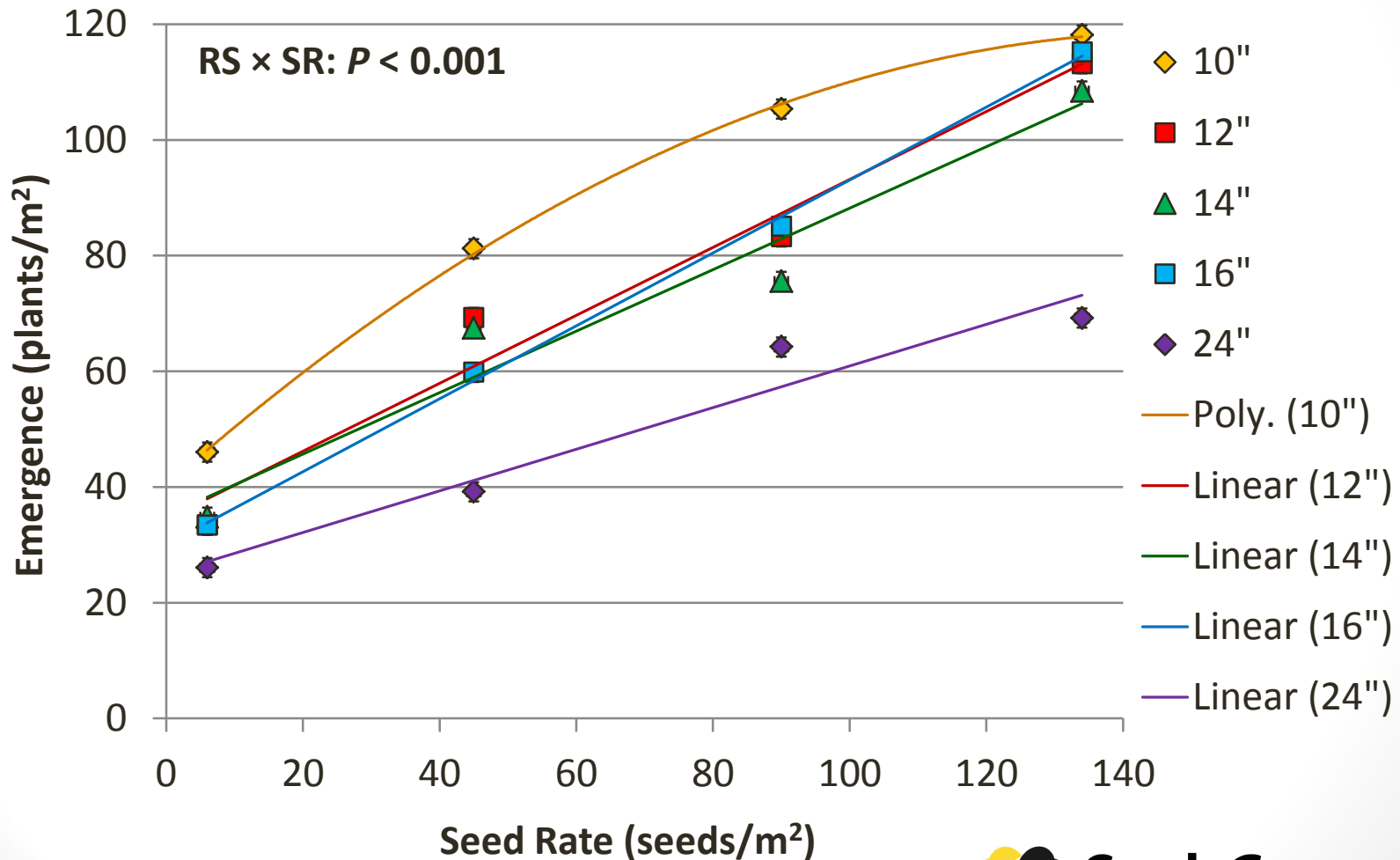


Effect	2013	2014	2015
	----- p-value -----		
RS	<0.001	0.046	<0.001
SR	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
RS × SR	0.095	0.016	<0.001
SR lin	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
SR quad	0.241	0.155	0.046

# Row Spacing x Seed Rate Interactions (Indian Head 2014)

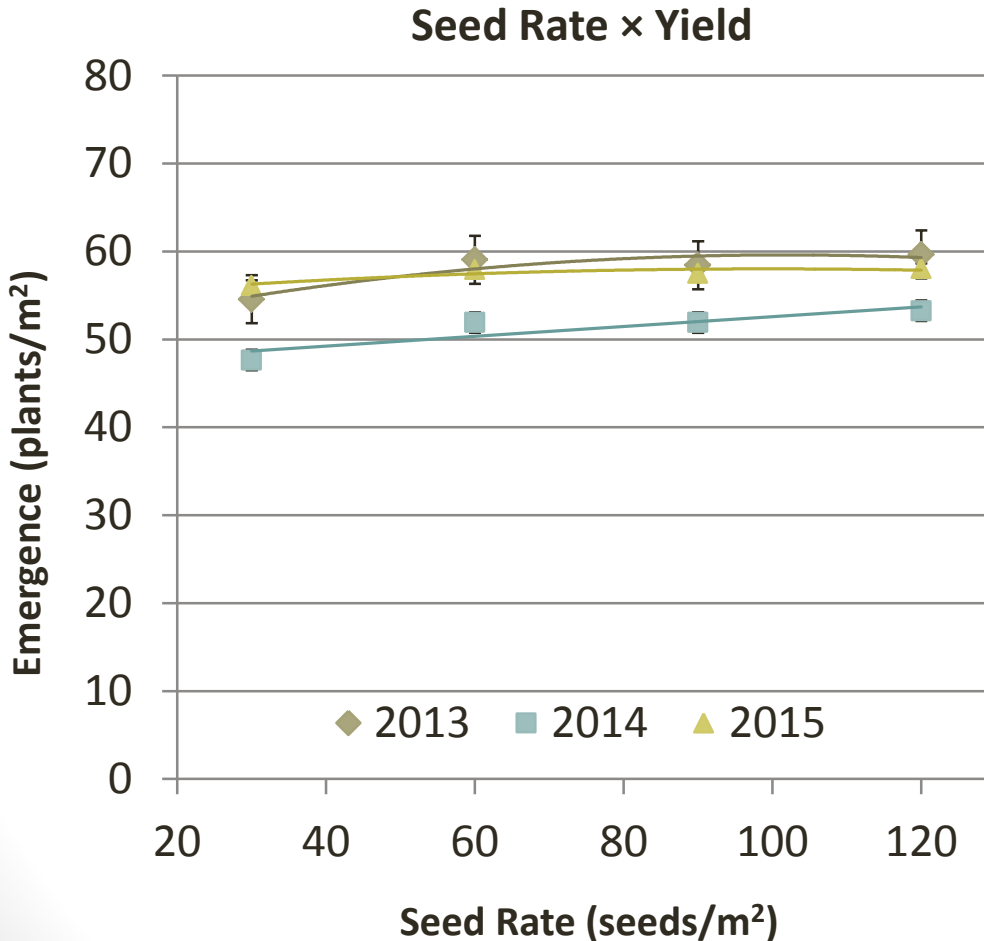


# Row Spacing x Seed Rate Interactions (Indian Head 2015)



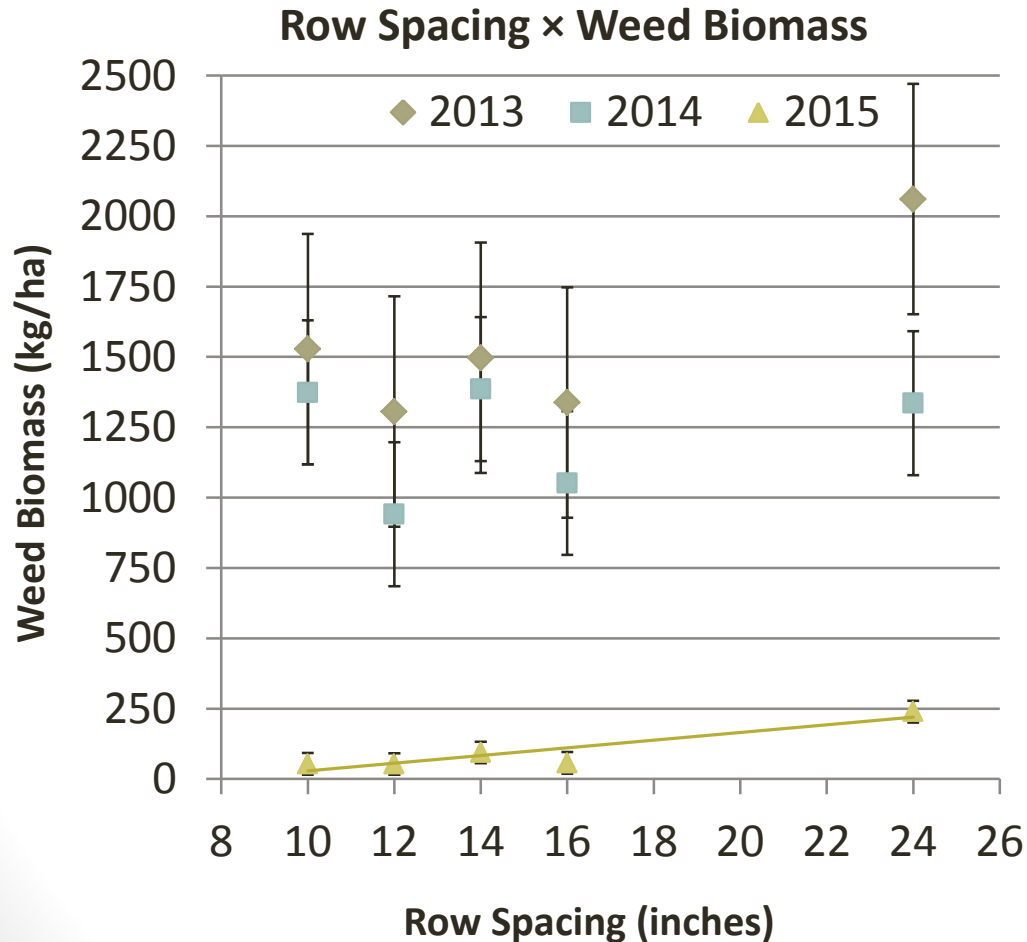
# Canola: SR Effects on Yield

## 2013-15 (RS × SR)



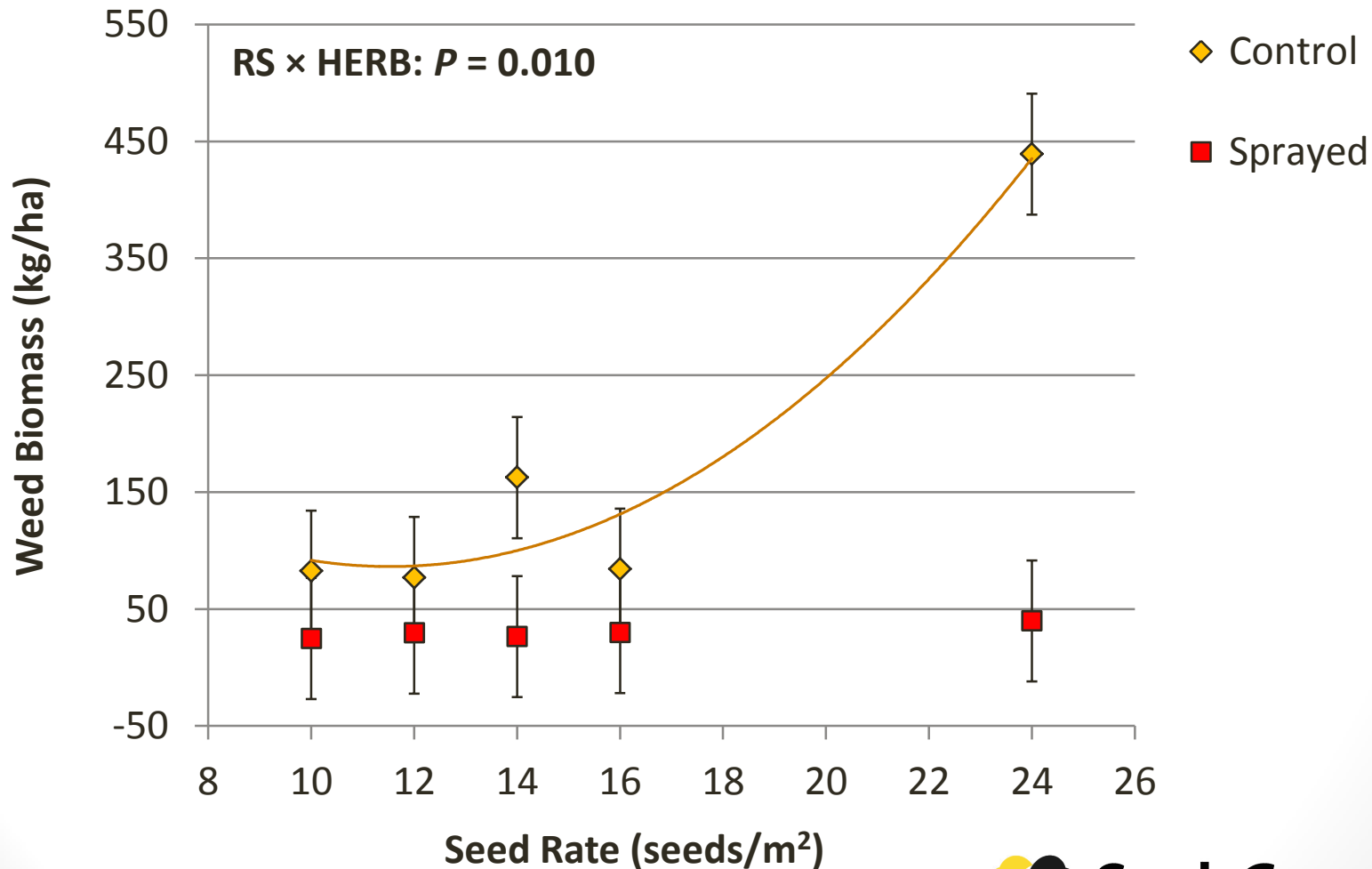
Effect	2013	2014	2015
	----- p-value -----		
RS	<b>0.002</b>	0.216	<b>&lt;0.001</b>
SR	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>
RS × SR	0.748	0.807	0.072
SR lin	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>0.054</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>
SR quad	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	0.884	<b>0.031</b>

# Canola: RS Effects on Weed Biomass 2013-15 (RS × HERB)



Effect	2013	2014	2015
	----- p-value -----		
RS	0.440	0.546	<b>0.011</b>
HERB	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>
RS × HERB	0.657	0.594	<b>0.012</b>
SR lin	0.131	0.760	<b>0.001</b>
SR quad	0.316	0.482	0.176

# Row Spacing x Herbicide Interactions (Indian Head 2015)





# Take-home Messages

- Research at various stages, however crops types vary in their ability to compensate for wider row spacing (work required on pea, lentil, faba bean & other cereals)  
**MOST SENSITIVE:** FLAX > WHEAT ≥ OATS > SOYBEANS > CANOLA **:LEAST SENSITIVE**
- Plausible that sound agronomic management (i.e. timely & thorough weed removal) is more critical with wider row spacing
- Delays in maturity are minor & less than those caused by increased fertility or reduced plant populations
- Seedling mortality increases with row spacing but still able to achieve adequate plant populations & no detrimental effects on grain quality observed
- While yield variability increased with wider row spacing but this may be offset by:
  - Reduced equipment cost, fuel consumption & horsepower requirements (per acre)
  - Reduce or eliminate tillage operations (including heavy harrowing) or other undesirable practices such as burning and seed under more challenging conditions
  - More timely seeding to due reduced land preparation requirements and/or larger drills
  - Improved soil & water conservation due to reduced disturbance & enhanced residues
  - Better suited for inter-row seeding resulting in improved seed-placement & further improvements in water conservation



# THANK YOU

**Chris Holzapfel, MSc Pag**  
**Research Manager, IHARF**  
**Phone; 306-695-4200**  
**Email: [cholzapfel@iharf.ca](mailto:cholzapfel@iharf.ca)**  
**Website: [www.iharf.ca](http://www.iharf.ca)**

**IHARF Soil & Crop  
Management Seminar  
(February 3 2016)**

**IHARF Crop Management  
Field Day (July 19 2016)**

